## International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) country report by the National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) of South Africa: Notification of the detection of *Pepper ringspot virus* (PepRSV) in the Republic of South Africa

Pest	Pepper ringspot virus (Virgaviridae)
	Common name: PepRSV
Status of pest	Present: except in specified pest free areas.
Host or articles concerned	PepRSV was detected in Potato cultivars (Solanum tuberosum:
	Solanaceae), in the notified areas.
Geographic distribution	The pest was detected in October 2022 in a commercial potato planting
	in Polokwane, Capricorn District Municipality, Limpopo Province. From
	April 2023, it was detected in other District municipalities in the country
	including Thabo Mofutsanyane, Lejweleputswa, and Fezile Dabi District
	Municipalities in the Free State Province; Dr Ruth Segomotsi Mompati
	and Bojanala Platinum in the North West Province; Francis Baard and
	Pixley Ka Seme in the Northern Cape Province as well as
	Umgungundlovu District Municipality in the Kwa-Zulu Natal Province.
	The pest is not known to occur in the Mpumalanga, Eastern Cape,
	Gauteng, and Western Cape Provinces.
Nature of immediate or	Potential spread or establishment of PepRSV from infected areas
potential danger	through host material to other provinces may negatively affect
	domestic and international trade and export potential of relevant host
	commodities. The Department of Agriculture, Land Reform and Rural
	Development (DALRRD) is continuing with delimiting surveys in
	production areas to determine the extent of spread, as well as pest
	status in other parts of South Africa. Phytosanitary measures are
	implemented to restrict the movement of host material from infected
	to non-infected areas.

Summary	PepRSV was detected in potato cultivars (seed and commercial
	plantings) in the various Provinces of South Africa. The official samples
	were collected after random symptom observations in the reported
	areas. The morphological identification of the pest was conducted by
	plant virologist, using RT-PCR methodology.
	Surveys in other parts of the country are conducted and all other
	phytosanitary measures are implemented.
	Removal and/or movement of host material from affected areas to
	unaffected areas in the rest of the Republic of South Africa is restricted
	in accordance with the Agricultural Pests Act No. 36 of 1983 (Act No.36
	of 1983) to prevent further spread of this pest to other Provinces.