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# Guide to implementation of phytosanitary standards in forestry



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### Forestry ISPMs

Created because regulatory systems were overwhelmed with the increasing volume of international trade



#### Important pathways

Pathways for I	pest movement in international trade	
Wood as a commodity	Roundwood with/without bark Sawnwood with/without natural rounded surface Processed wood, e.g. plywood, mdf, etc. Fuelwood	
Packaging wood	Pallets, crates, drums, skids, boxes, customized wood containers, cases & dunnage	
Plants for planting	Live plants ranging in size from rootless cuttings to large trees with root balls	
Cut plants	Ornamental & other cut plant materials could harbour pests, e.g. floral displays, Christmas trees, etc.	
Germplasm	Cones & seeds, tissue culture materials directly in trade & as contaminants in very wide range of goods & substrates	
Hitchhikers	Any organism could be carried inadvertently in containerized or human transport such as cars, trucks, planes, trains and boats	

## Forest-related standards currently being developed

International movement of wood

International movement of forest tree seeds

Forestry surveillance

Criteria for treatments for wood packaging materials

Guidelines for treatment of wood packaging materials (as part of ISPM 15)



## Standards are complicated!

Developed by NPPOs using technical terminology based on agricultural concepts

Majority of forestry standards only developed in the last 15 years

Consensus at global scale may not translate into coherence at the operational level

Communication channels between foresters & NPPOs may not be well established

Forest sector does not always participate in all stages of standard development



## Guide to implementation of phytosanitary standards in forestry

To make ISPMs more accessible to the forest sector

Plain-language guide

In development by FAO with international scientists, phytosanitary authorities & forest sector representatives, supported by IPPC Secretariat.

Financial support from FAO-Finland forestry programme



MINISTRY FOR FOREIGN AFFAIRS OF FINLAND

#### **Guide contents**

Introduction to problem of forest pest movement in trade

How ISPMs & NPPO regulations affect import & export of forest commodities

How forest sector can reduce pest risks through effective forest management approaches

How each relevant ISPM can help prevent forest pest introduction & spread

How forest sector can work with NPPOs to develop & implement ISPMs & national phytosanitary regulations which are least restrictive to trade



#### Of interest and benefit to

All sectors of forestry that can play a key role in preventing spread of pests including:

planting
managing
harvesting
manufacturing
selling and
transporting forest products



Also forestry policy-makers, planners & managers, particularly in developing countries

### **Guide process**

Draft version currently being reviewed by dozens of multi-sector stakeholders from all regions of the world

Final draft will be translated into Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian & Spanish

To be presented for approval to Committee on Forestry (COFO) in October 2010

#### Guide process cont.

Expected publication date is early 2011 followed by periodic updates

Training plan & materials for field application being developed

Regional workshops planned for 2011



#### Distribution and anticipated uses

Will be widely distributed to forest sector workers, universities, forestry schools, libraries and many more and will be made available to NPPOs

To be used and evaluated in the upcoming APFISN side event on Pathways at the APFC meeting, Bhutan, June 2010



#### Field testing and training

To be used in training for developing countries to provide basic information on management practices that reduce pest spread

Initial pilot countries (Tanzania, Zambia, Peru, Ecuador), supported by FAO-Finland Forestry programme





#### **Awareness raising**

Upcoming FAO Forestry publication

**Guide to** 

forestry

implementati\( \rho\) n

of phytosanitary

being developed by an

international group of scientists

phytosanitary authorities and

forest sector representatives,

supported by the IPPC Secretariat

at FAO and reviewed by dozens of

all regions of the

ulti-sector stakeholders from

standards in



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Food and Agriculture

Related information

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Guide to good practices for forest health protection in support of international standards for phytosanitary measures

With increasing global trade, new threats to forest health emerge due to the increased risk and frequency of countries and confinents through international trade, and these have contributed to the international

introduction of pests of plants and plant products, and to promote appropriate measures for their control. The IPPC is governed by the Commission on Phytosanitary Measures (CPM) which adopts International Standards for Phytosan Measures (ISPMs) These standards are developed and approved through an international consultative process, and are

SPMs provide guidance that is broadly applicable for forest health, monitoring, the safe transfer of germplasm and trade in trees and forest products. FAO is working on a written uide to clarify how these ISPMs apply to forestry. The Guide will interpret the standards relevant to international forestry pest risks into the language and framework of forest health utlining how generic principles, such as pest risk analysis and surveillance, can be applie by forest health agencies and forest managers at all levels. It will focus on the practical pplication of the standards in the forest sector.

engaged in consultations to outline the purpose, scope, objectives, target audience and ontent of the Guide. The group will be involved in all aspects of the Guide's preparation fi conception and drafting to review and finalization. In addition to the Guide, FAO will also

- CPM-5 (March 2010) handout: English
- French Real, Spanish Road . CPM-5 poster presentation: Guide to phytosanitary forestry practices and mational standards
- XIII WFC (October 2009) handout: English (French (Spanish (Span
- XIII WFC presentation: IPPC and guidance al standards to protect forests (PPS, 3MB)

- . Invasive species: impacts on for
- Forest pest n
- Measures (ISPMs)



Expected publication date is early 2011 followed by periodic updates.



The guide will be widely distributed to forest sector workers, universities, forestry schools, libraries and many more and will be made available to

It will be used in training for developing countries to provide basic information on management practices that reduce pest spread



It will be of vital interest to all sectors in forestry - planting, managing, harvesting, manufacturing, selling and transporting forest products which can play a key role in preventing the spread of pests. The guide will also benefit forestry policy-makers, planners and managers, particularly in developing countries. It will made available in Arabic. Chinese, English, French, Russian





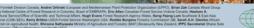
An introduction to the problem of forest pest movement in trade

How the ISPMs and NPPO regulations affect the import and export of forest commodities How people in the forest sector can reduce the risks of spreading pests through effective forest

management approaches How each relevant ISPM can be used to prevent forest pest introduction and spread

How the forest sector can work together with NPPOs to develop and implement practical and effective ISPMs and national phytosanitary regulations











# YOUR INPUT WILL BE VERY WELCOME!



# Thank you for your future participation



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