

NATIONAL REPORTING OBLIGATION

Publish and transmit phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions

References in the IPPC: Article VII.2(b):

Contracting parties shall, immediately upon their adoption, publish and transmit phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions to any contracting party or parties that they believe may be directly affected by such measures.

Type: Basic¹

Method: Public²

Responsible entity: Contracting party

Receiving entity: Any contracting party or parties that Contracting Parties believe may be directly affected by such measures.

Languages (Article XIX of the IPPC):

- ◆ Art. XIX.3(b) sets out that cover notes giving bibliographical data on documents transmitted according to Art. VII paragraph 2(b) shall be in at least one of the official languages of FAO.
- ◆ Art. XIX.3(c) sets forth that information provided according to Art. VII.2(b) shall be in at least one of the official languages of FAO.

Reason:

- ◆ To facilitate safe and efficient international movement of plant, plant products and other regulated articles. To result in minimum impediment of international movement of plants, plant products and other regulated articles.

Remarks:

- ◆ This was initially understood by the IPP Support Group to mean "all legislation and regulations".
- ◆ In accordance with Art. VII.2(b) of the IPPC, "Contracting parties shall, immediately upon their adoption, publish and transmit phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions to any contracting party or parties that Contracting Parties believe may be directly affected by such measures".
In accordance with Art. XII.4(d) of the IPPC, "the Secretary shall disseminate information received from contracting parties on phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions referred to Art. VII.2(b)".
Art. VII.2(b) of the IPPC does not explicitly set out any obligation for Contracting Parties to notify phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions to the IPPC Secretariat.
Art. XI.4 should be therefore interpreted as implying the duty of the Secretariat to publish phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions only where such information is received from the relevant Contracting Parties.

^{1/} Type:
Basic = an obligation regardless of circumstances
Event-driven = triggered by a specific event
On request = triggered by a request
^{2/} Method:
Public = reported via the International Phytosanitary Portal (www.ippc.int)
Bilateral = reported in direct communication between countries

Publish and transmit **phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions****CPM adopted procedures:**

- ◆ Art. XII.4(d) of the IPPC sets forth the duty of the Secretary to disseminate information received from Contracting Parties on phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions referred to Art. VII.2(b). The ICPM-3 adopted the recommendation that “all information on restrictions, requirements, and prohibitions be available through national or RPPO websites and/or national webpages within the IPPC website linked through IPP” (Report of the ICPM-3, Appendix XV, paragraph 18).
- ◆ Contracting Parties are encouraged to make phytosanitary requirements more widely available than in the past through their inclusion in the IPP (available to all countries whether affected or not by such measures).
- ◆ Phytosanitary requirements, restrictions and prohibitions can also be posted by CP on their own websites or RPPOs websites. In such cases information should be linked through the IPP.



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Convention (IPPC)**

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