# Environmental Treaties Programme — realizing synergies for biodiversity

CPM-13 side session
Andreas Obrecht, UN Environment
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### The biodiversity governance landscape (global)















Convention on **Biological Diversity** 























INTERNATIONAL WHALING COMMISSION







**United Nations** 

Convention to Combat Desertification

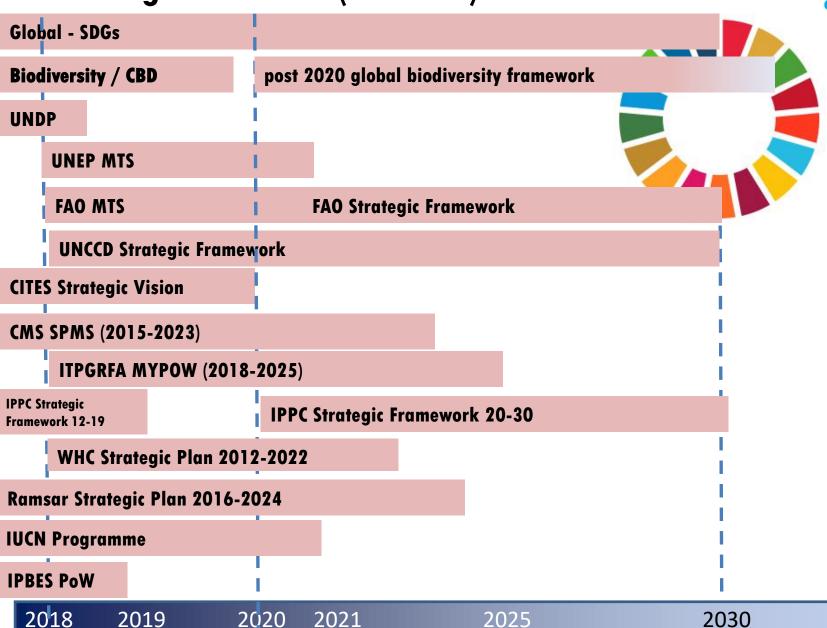


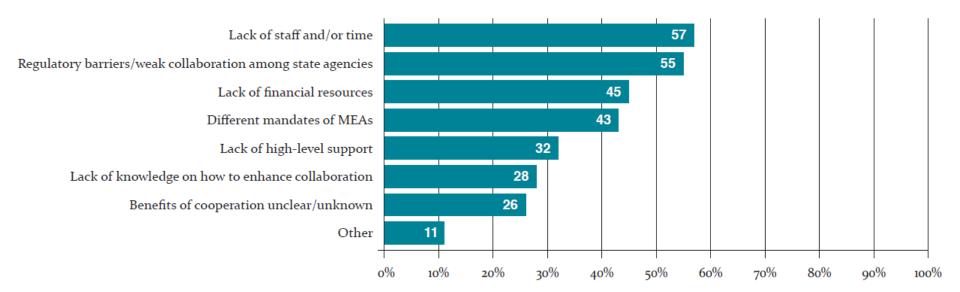


#### Strategic directions (selection)

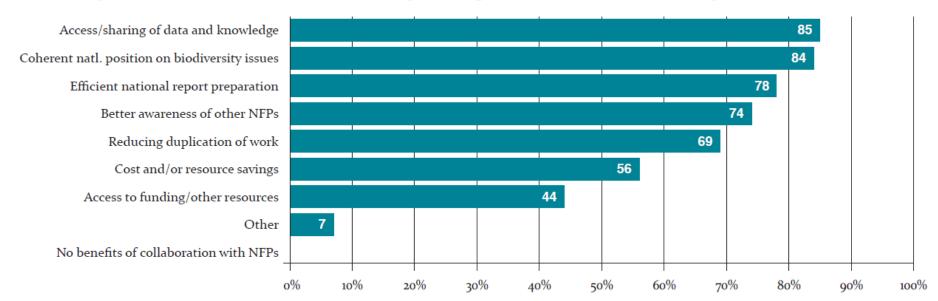


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**Graph 4:** Main barriers to enhancing cooperation and collaboration among National Focal Points of the Biodiversity-related Conventions, as identified by the respondents in the UNEP survey 2014



**Graph 2:** Main benefits of enhancing cooperation and collaboration among National Focal Points of the Biodiversity-related Conventions, as identified by the respondents in the UNEP survey 2014



## Environmental Treaties Programme - 'realizing synergies for vironment biodiversity'

- Engagement with processes promoting synergies and input to long-term capacity-building strategy (post 2020 workshop, IUCN survey, mainstreaming)
- Engagement with public information officers (meeting & virtual exchanges, media monitoring, media briefings)
- Materials for synergies at national level and the road map (CBD decision XIII/24, informal advisory group; Annex II: compendia of guidance on synergies, data and information sources experience sharing,...)
- Data and reporting tool under InforMEA (DART, www.informea.org)
- National level synergies (Lao PDR, Myanmar)





#### National reporting — a continuous process



MEA/organisation	Reporting requirement	2014	201 5	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
CBD	National Reports	x					x	
	Implementation reports		x			x		
CITES	Annual Reports (trade data)	х	х	х	x	x	х	x
	Annual Reports (illegal trade data)				x	x	х	х
CMS	National Reports	x			x			x
ITPGRFA	National Reports			х			х	
Domesia	National reports	х				х		x
Ramsar Convention	Information Sheet on Ramsar Wetlands (RIS)							
WHC	Periodic Reports		x					
	State of Conservation							
	The state of the world's biodiversity for food and agriculture				х			
FAO	The state of the world's animal genetic resources for food and agriculture		х					
FAU	The state of the world's aquatic genetic resources for food and agriculture				x			
	The state of the world's plant genetic resources for food and agriculture							х
UNEP	GEO-6				х			
IPBES	Global						х	
IPBES	Regional/sub regional					х		



FOEN, UNEP-WCMC, NatureConsult (2016). Elements for a modular reporting against the Aichi Biodiversity Targets. UNEPWCMC, Cambridge. [Online]

http://www.cbd.int/doc/meetings/cop/cop-13/information/cop-13-inf-24-en.pdf [Accessed: 24. August 2017]

#### A lot of information is already out there...



MEA reporting processes												Assessment processes							
۵: ماد:	<u>CMS</u>		CITES		ITPGRF A		msar ention	WHO	2		<u>FAO</u>			<u>UNEP</u>	<u>IPBES</u>				
Aichi Targ ets	Nation al reports	Annual Report s (illegal trade	Annual Report s (trade data)	Imple mentat ion report	Nation al report s	Inform ation sheets (RIS)	National reports	Periodic reportin g	Stat e of Con serv atio	IPPC*	SOW BFA	SOWAF A	SOWA QFA	SOWPF A	GEO-6	Global assessment	Regional/su b regional assessments		
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### Role of UN organizations (UN Environment, UNDP, FAO, UNESCO and others)

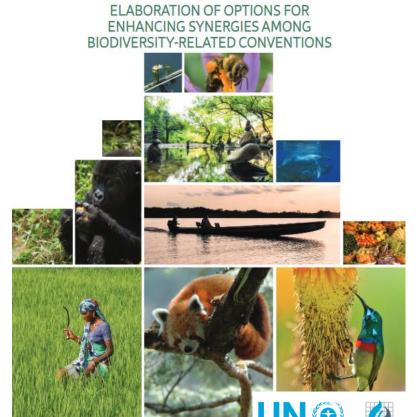






environment WCMC

- Support processes of synergies, coordination and collaboration
- Engagement on capacity-building, communication, monitoring/reporting/indicators, development of tools and supporting materials
- Driving factor for synergies processes (e.g. resolution 2/17)
- Linkages to other global processes (SDGs) and mainstreaming
- Promote national-level synergies (e.g. mutually supportive policies)





#### **Conclusions**

- Personal contact and institutional backing: both necessary.
- Decisions by governing bodies to support and facilitate cooperation
- Substantial work is requiered (e.g. on indicators, mutually supportive implementation activities,..)
- Resource challenges and opportunities
- IPPC

