

VIETNAM ACADEMY OF AGRICULTURAL SCIENCES (VAAS) PLANT PROTECTION RESEARCH INSTITUTE (PPRI)

AREA WIDE SUPPRESSION OF BACTROCERA FRUIT FLIES IN DRAGON FRUIT IN VIETNAM

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Dragon fruit production in Binh thuan province

- ✓ Located in Southern of Viet Nam
- ✓ Two season (Dry and Wet)



- ✓ Over 29.000 ha of dragon fruit; 7 9 crops/year; 59.000 tons of yield
- ✓ About 80% of dragon fruit production has been exported
- √Thousands of families, 23 co-operatives
 and 2 onions







Majoir Disease and Pests damaged Dragon fruit





(Photo credit: Kyung San Cho)





Xanthomonas campestris; Enterobacter sp. (Photo credit: Ngoc N.T.B)



(Photo credit: Hien NTT)







Brown Spot Disease (Neoscytalidium dimidiatum) (Photo credit: Khai L.Q.)

Fruit Flies & International market

Oriental Fruit Fly
Eradication in Florida
2015–2016 Program
Implementation,
Unique Aspects, and
Lessons Learned

Gary J Steck ☒, Abbie J Fox,
Daniel Carrillo, David Dean, Amy Roda,
Nancy D Epsky, Trevor R Smith

American Entomologist, Volume 65, Issue 2, Summer 2019, Pages 108–121, https://doi.org/10.1093/ae/tmz023

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Morocco Sets up
Pest Surveillance
Network in
Preparation for the
Suppression of the
Mediterranean
Fruit Fly

13 Jun 2019 Miklos Gaspar, IAEA Office of Public Information and Communication



Invasive fruit fly species including the Oriental Fruit Fly (*Batrocera dorsalis*, Hendel), are threatening Morocco's economy. (Photo: A. Rodriguez)

Taiwan to begin importing mangosteen fruit from Thailand

A ban on the fruit has been in effect for over a decade due to problems with fruit flies

The import of mangosteen fruit to

Taiwan has been suspended since

2003 due to the spread of fruit flies,

bactrocera carambolae and

bactrocera papayae, in the fruit which

are prevalent in Southeast Asia.

The European Union (EU) began strict phytosanitary inspections on agricultural imports. Fresh citrus fruits and mangoes, must be planted in certified orchards, and must not be affected by oriental fruit flies.

https://en.vietnamplus.vn/eu-enhances -inspections-on-vietnams-agricultural -products-from-sept-1/159835.vnp



EN.VIETNAMPLUS.VN

EU enhances inspections on Vietnam's agricultural products fro...

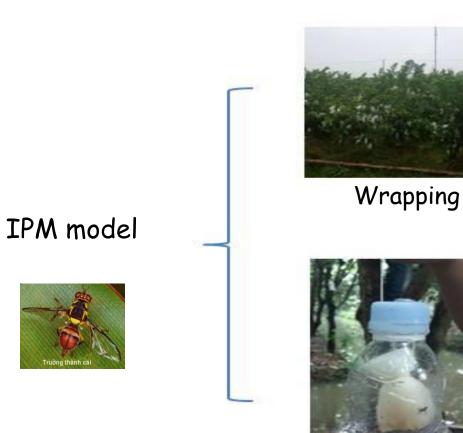


Fruit fly (Diptera: Tephritidae) are among the top threats

Fruit fly control in Viet Nam

Pre-havest

Post- harvest





Attractance lure









Radiation



Vapor Heat Treatment

Fruit fly management programes in Viet Nam

Before 2004: Small areas





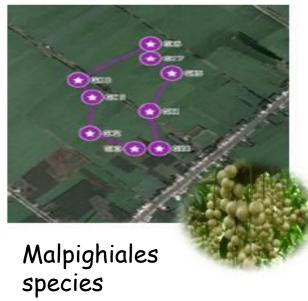






Since 2005: Large areas





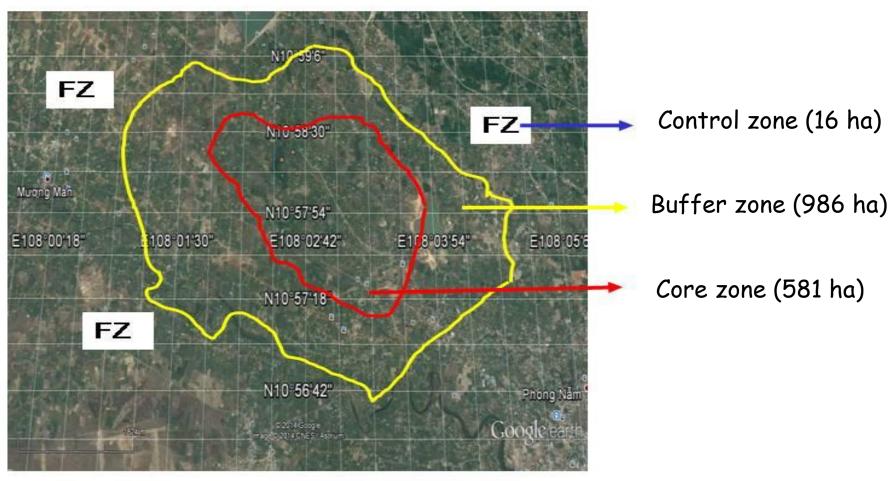


Dragon fruit production in Binh thuan province

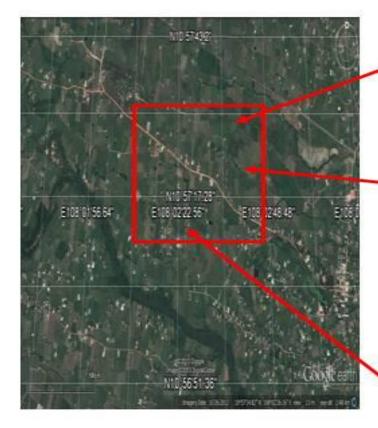


The structure of demonstration on Dragon fruit production





Core zones: Three methods applied for fruit fly control





1/ Male Annihilation Technology (MAT)

- Using fiberboad block about 1 cm thick (5 \times 5cm);
- Place at 50m intervals, replaced every 2 -3 months, maintained continuously throughout the year in the field to suppress the population of males

2/ Protein Bait spot spray





3/ Sanitation

- 1 litter of Ento-pro 150 DD + insecticide + water
- Spot sprays of around 50 ml of the mixture per tree (dragon or other tree nearby). Volume 400 points/ha. Spraying at 10 days intervals; resprays if rainy

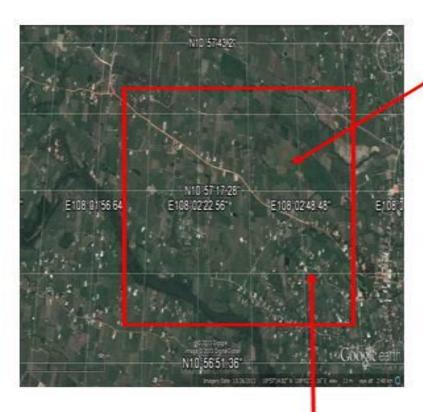






Remove & destroy all fallen dragon fruit (plastic bag/ burned/ buried under ground/make organic-fertilize. Manage alternate hosts- mango, guava, cherry

Buffer zones: Two measures applied for fruit fly control



1/ Male Annihilation Technology (MAT)







Methyl eugenol attractant







2/ Sanitation

Plastic bag/ Burned/Make organic-fertilize

Farmer practice



Spraying chemical



Male annihilation traps

Assessment the effective of Fruit fly suppression programme

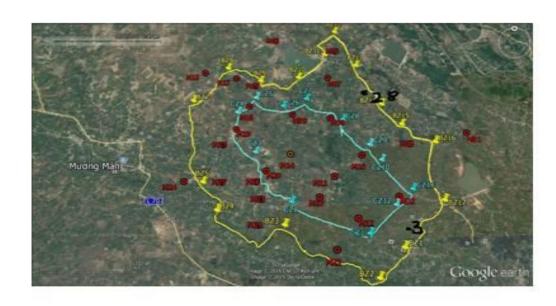


- Using plastic trap with cotton wick content 2,5 ml Methyl eugenol attractant



- 1 trap/6.25 ha,

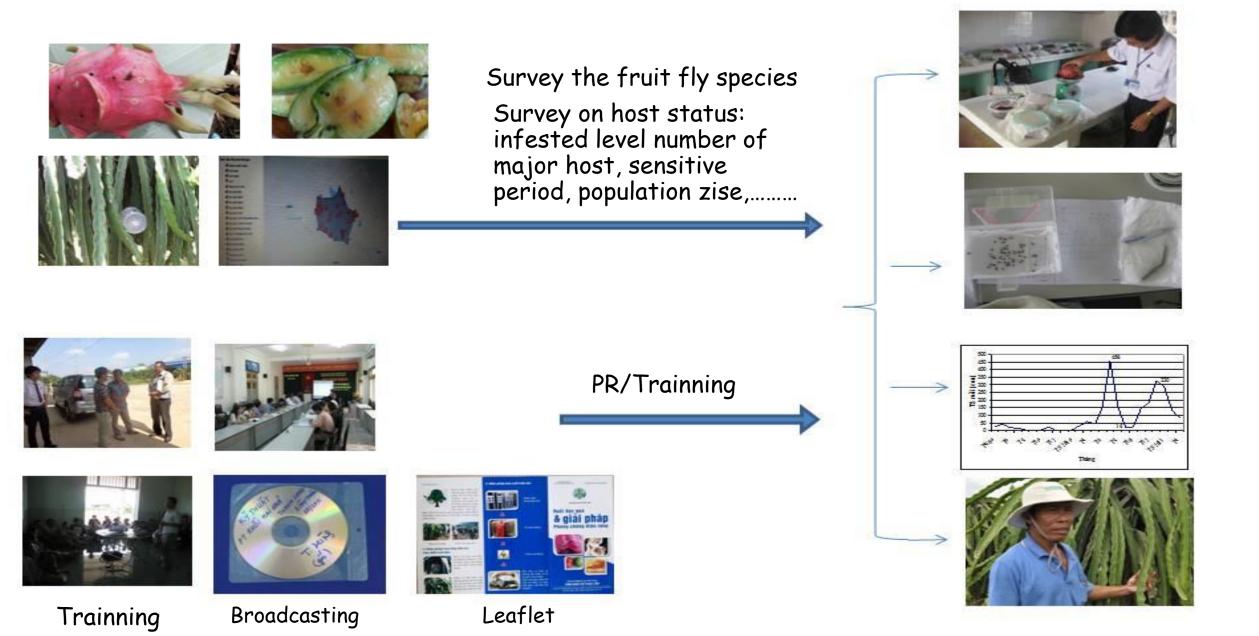
- Re-new wick every 2 months



Applied for entire two zones

- ✓ Empty traps every 10 days and transfer caught flies to laboratory to calculate Fly/trap/day.
- ✓ Collect the dragon fruit to record the infested level

Surporting activities for demonstration in Ham Hiep village (Binh Thuan)



Results of fruit fly suppression on Dragon fruit production

Data	Before AW-IPM implementing	After AW-IPM implementing		
		Core zone	Buffer zone	Control
Number of flies in traps per day (fly)	10 -250	< 2.20	< 4.11	< 28.93
Infested level of Dragon fruit (%)	7-25%	< 2.67	< 3.67	< 24.67

Conlusion and Future plan

Suppression methods such as MAT, bait spot spray, sanitation brought high efficiency for fruit flies management in dragon fruit production in Vietnam

YEAR	HECTARES	OBJECTIVE	STRATEGY
2016 -	1600	Area-Wide	MAT-BAT-
2019		Suppression	PILOT SIT
2020-	3000	Area-Wide	REDUCE MAT-
2021		Suppression	INCREASE SIT
2022 - 2024	20,000	Area-Wide Suppression. Fruit Fly Low Prevalence	SIT





ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

- > Vietnamese Ministry of Agricultural Rural and Development
- > Vietnamese Ministry of Science and Technology
- > Binh Thuan province
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- > International Plant Protection Convention

Thank you for your attention







