

Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries (MAAIF)



UGANDA GeNS (e-Phyto) IMPLEMENTATION

BY

UGANDA – NPPO

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Introduction of NPPO Uganda



The Department of Crop Inspection and Certification (DCIC) in the Ministry of Agriculture Animal Industries and Fisheries (MAAIF) is the National Plant Protection Organisation (NPPO) of Uganda.

Mandate:

- Facilitate safe trade, protect the country from foreign pests as well as protect Uganda's trading partners from introduction of quarantine pests from Uganda that could be associated with plants, plant products and regulated articles moving in international trade.
- Support sustainable crop inspection and certification in conformity with national and international phytosanitary, seed/ planting materials and agro-chemicals control requirements; for improved food security, and household incomes.







Solve;

- Interceptions due to Inadequate documentation / additional declarations.
- ► Lack of real time exporter database (traceability) along the value chain
- ► Challenges in referencing for authenticity.
- ► Costs involved for Government Printing paper certificates
- ▶ Delays in government procurement systems for manual Phytosanitary certificates (PCs).
- Costs involved by exporters transport to pick up PCs or loss of documents enroute to export destination
- ► Simpler and fast Data analysis
- Delayed and detailed report writing
- ► Justification challenges for increased, needed Inspector numbers and equipment



E-phyto (Gens)-stakeholder Engagements- Case Of Uganda



- NPPO Staff (Inspectors)
- 2. Administrative Institution's Top Ministry Leadership
- 3. Political leadership
- 4. Private sector- exporters
- 5. Researchers, Academia, Scientists
- 6. Commodity Crop Association Platforms
- 7. Export Destination National Plant Protection Organisation Offices (NPPO)







Mixed method approach used

- > Inspectors sensitized by Head NPPO took one day.
- Ministry Administration and Political leadership sensitized by the Head NPPO providing background/ justification, (e.g. previous audit reports) documentation interception reports, lack of information and reports took two days.
- > Head NPPO sent out official communication (letters and emails) to various relevant Ministries, Departments, Agencies, Notice boards, and by hand /use of inspectors to private sector (one week).
- Use of NPPO/ Ministry Website was done.
- > New procedure documented and sent out to exporters' emails data base, ensure to promote advantages and ease of process.
- > NPPO Inspectors trained as trainers of trainees who then train individual commodity vale chain exporters.
- > Information Technology Officer to continuously trains individual exporters enrolled subsequently.





Uganda first started with the UAT (User Acceptance Environment) with URL: Ug.uat.ephytoexchange.org.

GeNS launch in Uganda

The URL was used for training all the stakeholders including Exporters, NPPO inspectorate, government entities involved in the movement of plant and plant product as well testing the system in order to adjust some key areas in the system to fit the Ugandan system.

UAT environment was also used to test issuance, sending and printing of e-phytosanitary certificate by Ugandan NPPO as well as receiving electronic certificate from her training partner.



The change from manual to e-Phyto



- 1. First, training and exposure conducted for the Uganda Contact System Person by Regional e-Phyto Coordinator .
- 2. Time periods consists of developing the e-Phyto in the User Acceptance environment.
- 3. Change over commenced with inhouse intense training for all border post Inspectors by the E-Phyto Regional Coordinator (Josiah Siyanda).
- 4. Uganda launched issuance of electronic phytosanitary certificate through the IPPC HUB on 22.07.2020.
- 5. Official communication went out to IPPC Contracting Members and to Uganda stakeholders on the same day.
- 6. Timeline for phase 1(a grace of one month period) was indicated and enforced.
- 7. Some companies were involved in the testing trial period of one -month before official launch.
- 8. The manual system for issuance of phytosanitary system continued in parallel for about 5 month. During this time, sector by sector was being added.
- 9. Later the manual system was replaced fully with e-phytosanitary certificate.





After all glitches and challenges in the UAT environment were handled by the developer, all the data in the UAT environment were migrated into Production/live environment under URL: ug.ephytoexchange.org

Since Uganda migrated to production/live stage 99,975 Electronic phytosanitary certificates have been issued destined to various destination across all the border posts.

So far, Uganda has received approximately 786 electronic phytosanitary certificates from her trading partners mainly Kenya, Argentina and USA.





Advantages of GeNS – in regard to Uganda NPPO

- 1. Connected to the HUB to facilitate certificate exchanges with other NPPOs
- 2. Reduction in the paper work/manual work.
- 3. Ability to supervise all the operations, and ability to deactivate non-compliant users and withdrawal of ephytosanitary certificate.
- 4. Saves time for consignment clearance since the phytosanitary certificate are sent electronically.

- 5. The misplaced/lost phytosanitary pepper phytosanitary certificate can be reprinted or replaced with ease.
- 6. Eases NPPO operation more especially during this COVID-19 PANDEMIC environment/situation
- 7. It has eliminated the use of attachments since the system can allow adding as many commodity as a user wishes and it can accommodate many words for additional declaration
- 8. Generally, the system less tedious, and more comfortable to use, compared to the manual system.





Advantages of GeNS in regard to NPPO Ugandan Continued.

- 9. Ugandan NPPO is able to participate in exchange of Phytosanitary certificates regardless of capacity of NPPO infrastructure.
- 12.. Complete elimination of fraudulent documentation i.e. forgery of either plant passport or import permit thus improving the reputation of NPPO

10. Reduction in documentary interceptions since the additional declarations are usually populated in the e-Phyto system

13. Ability to check the authenticity of an e-Phyto after receipt by use of QR code and ability to receive the e-phytosanitary certificate from the other trading partners through the HUB

11. Data analysis made easy since the system can be customized to provide reports according to the country needs

- 14 Provides safe environment for data storage and data retrieval of the from an e-Phyto system-
- Ability to store e-Phytos for later reference



Internet connectivity challenges



Problems related to the internet connection and the availability of electrical power in the phytosanitary service stations implementing ePhyto?

- ► The GeNS is an IT system based on 'web-technology'; the users of the system do not need any specific IT setup on their computers.
- ▶ Provisions have been put in place to ensure satellite offices are connected to the broad band internet backbone system.
- ► Regulations were enforced to ensure private sector export facilities are connected with internet to facilitate phytosanitary requests, NPPO certification and issuance of Phytosanitary certificates immediately after inspection.

What lasting corrections have been made?

- Internet connections setup for e-transactions and with the adjustments to able to move up with the system. Setup access points at the vital centers like Entebbe Airport and Ministry Head Office.
- Move from desktops to laptops and tablets arranged to enable inspectors to be able to perform the ecertifications

Regulations for Plant Protection and Health Import and Export (2020) being reviewed to provide for e-Certification by both public and private sector

Challenges of Using GeNS



Some of the countries are not yet logged into GeNS hence they cannot receive electronic phytosanitary certificates.

Some customs and NPPOs of some countries do not accept the electronic phytosanitary certificate and need bilateral discussions.

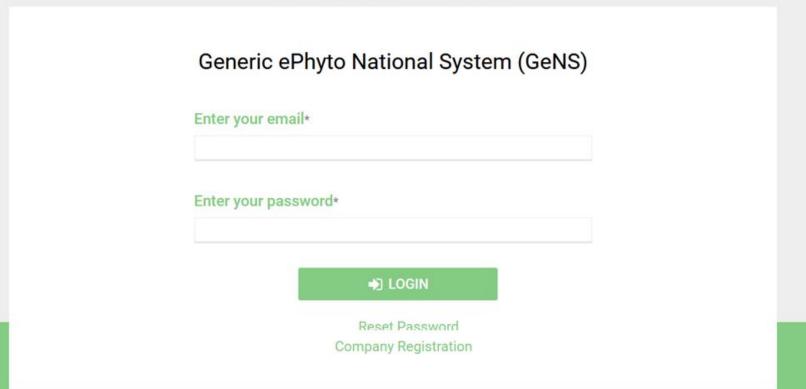
The digital stamp module is still in the development.







The Republic of Uganda







ePhyto





Thank you for your kind attention



