

2022 SECOND CONSULTATION

1 July – 30 September 2022

Compiled comments for 2022 Second Consultation: Draft Annex to ISPM20 (2008-006)

Summary

Participants

Name	Summary
Bahrain	Bahrain has no comments
Cuba	Se aceptan los comentarios adoptados en el Taller Regional para América Latina. No hay intención de presentar otro comentario.
Eswatini	the draft IPMS has been reviewed and found to be applicable
European Union	The comments are submitted by the European Commission on behalf of the European Union (EU) and its 27 Member States.
Ireland	No comment
Malawi	Completed
Mozambique	This annex will unblock several specific importations
Singapore	Singapore supports this and has no further comment.
United Kingdom	please ignore

T (Type) - B = Bullet, C = Comment, P = Proposed Change, R = Rating

S (Status) - A = Accepted, C = Closed, O = Open, W = Withdrawn, M = Merged

Para	Text	Comment
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (234) Argentina (1 Oct 2022 12:44 AM) We fully support comments from COSAVE
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (233) Peru (30 Sep 2022 11:17 PM) PERU supports the comments and proposals agreed by the COSAVE working group
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (231) Antigua and Barbuda (30 Sep 2022 4:17 PM) Antigua and Barbuda endorses all country comments made in, and accepted by, the Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (CAHFSA) sub-review workgroup as well as all comments made by CAHFSA in the same sub-review.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (216) Paraguay (30 Sep 2022 2:11 PM) Paraguay apoya comentarios de COSAVE.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (215) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM)

		Needs more clarification (paragraph 63) by the steward and response from the SC for decision.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (214) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) This annex is mainly focused on issuance of SIA and there is no mention of the management and termination of the imported consignment after issued an SIA.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (213) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) Singapore supports this and has no further comment.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (197) Nepal (30 Sep 2022 6:46 AM) Nepal agrees with the DRAFT ANNEX TO ISPM20: Use of specific import authorizations (2008-006) and has no comments.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (190) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:11 PM) Barbados agrees that this is important in the regulation of trade.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (187) Mali (29 Sep 2022 4:43 PM) La mise en oeuvre correcte des rôles assignés aux ONPV peut souffrir de leur incapacité technique et matérielle, mais je pense que l'évaluation des capacités en cours dans plusieurs ONPV pourraient permettre de fournir des éléments de plaidoyer relatif à la recherche d'appui technique et financier pouvant mettre à point les ONPV.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (186) Canada (29 Sep 2022 3:48 PM) no comments from Canada
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (185) Mozambique (29 Sep 2022 12:18 PM) The annex to the ISPM 20 is important to deal with specific requirements for import authorization as the general import authorizations have some limitations, the NPPO of Mozambique has no objection to this.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (172) South Africa (28 Sep 2022 8:15 AM) The NPPO will ensure that this annex is in line with the relevant prescripts and further ensure that a flow diagram further clarifies the use of this SIA.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (170) Korea, Republic of (28 Sep 2022 4:15 AM) Republic of Korea support the comments made during APPPC Regional Workshop.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (166) Belarus (27 Sep 2022 3:45 PM) Republic of Belarus would like to formally endorse the EPPO comments submitted via the IPPC Online Comment System
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (165) United Kingdom (27 Sep 2022 2:45 PM) The United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland would like to formally endorse the EPPO comments submitted via the IPPC Online Comment System

G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (164) Guyana (26 Sep 2022 9:37 PM) Guyana has no objection at this time.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (163) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Guyana has no objection to this draft annex. We think it will be useful.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (162) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) The Bahamas agrees that the draft annex is an important one especially as it relates to the development of phytosanitary import conditions and therefore supports the same.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (161) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Antigua and Barbuda has no objection to the document. We accept the concept of import authorizations which offers choices to the NPPO, considering the capacity variation that exists amongst NPPOs to apply procedures, etc.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (160) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Barbados agrees that this is important in the regulation of trade.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (159) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Jamaica offers support for this draft ISPM
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (129) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:52 AM) Australia agrees with the comments as submitted by the PPPO for the draft Annex to ISPM 20.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (124) Costa Rica (22 Sep 2022 12:56 AM) The consensus comments of the IPPC Workshop for Latin America are supported
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (117) Congo (15 Sep 2022 4:30 PM) Congo agrees with the ISPM and has nothing to add
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (116) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) We find the draft ok
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (115) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) L'ONPV du Burkina Faso n'a pas de commentaire à ajouter

G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (114) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Congo agree with the ISPM and has nothing to add
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (113) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Pas de commentaire. Document approuvé
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (112) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) The proposed standard is Welcome as there are many situations, which require special attention to deal with, so the standard will address it. Suggestion to include in this standard as an appendix the guideline or a suggested layout of the SIA, just for orientation on how it will look like, also for harmonization purpose
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (111) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) We support draft Annex to ISPM 20
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (110) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Malawi supports the draft ISPM 20: use of specific import authorization
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (109) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Generally we accept to use of specific import authorization
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (68) Brazil (30 Aug 2022 9:16 PM) Brazil supports comments provided by COSAVE in this draft
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (69) Malawi (31 Aug 2022 5:00 PM) We support draft Annex ISPM 20
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (64) Colombia (30 Aug 2022 2:15 AM) It is necessary to clarify the conditions for specific import authorizations, since in several paragraphs of the annex it is ambiguous as to when they may or may not be used and how they differ from general import authorizations.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (54) CA (24 Aug 2022 11:09 PM) Se requiere precisión sobre las condiciones para las autorizaciones específicas para la importación, dado que en varios párrafos del anexo es ambiguo cuando pueden o no emplearse y su diferenciación con las generales. SE SUGIERE TRATAR EN EL TALLER REGIONAL.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (48) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:11 PM) This annex is mainly focused on issuance of SIA and there is no mention of the management and termination of the imported consignment after issued an SIA.
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (41) Bahamas (16 Aug 2022 2:40 AM) The Bahamas offers no objections to Annex of Draft ISPM 20.

G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (31) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:33 PM) Jamaica offers support for this draft ISPM
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (2) Guatemala (27 Jul 2022 7:21 PM) El Item 3. Use of specific import authorizations agregar al Item 1 Types of specific import authorizations, ampliar los usos con los ejemplos del 3, al agregar estos elementos en el 1 se puede dar un mejor entendimiento y aplicabilidad para el lector segun sea el uso que le va dar
G	(General Comment)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (1) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:21 PM) cambiar la ubicación de la sección "3.Uses of specific import authorizations" hacia la sección "1. Types of specific import authorizations"
1	DRAFT ANNEX TO ISPM 20: Use of specific import authorizations (2008-006)	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (188) Russian Federation (29 Sep 2022 4:47 PM) General Comment: The Russian Federation would like to formally endorse the EPPO comments submitted via the IPPC Online Comment System.
28	ANNEX 2: Use of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (93) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) This is okay and captures requirements of specific import requests.
28	ANNEX 2: Use of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (89) Kenya (6 Sep 2022 10:59 AM) This is okay and captures requirements of specific import requests.
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) when official consent for import is necessary, when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons , or when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. <u>SIA may be used only for defined intended use or purpose and in defined period.</u> Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import regulatory system, NPPOs are still required to make their phytosanitary import requirements available as described in section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (202) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) Revised change by Korea, Republic of on 23 Aug 2022 13:43 To be deleted
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) when official consent for import is necessary, when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons, or when phytosanitary import requirements for	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (183) Japan (29 Sep 2022 11:15 AM) The last sentence of para 29 is intended to enhance transparency and to clarify that import requirements established should be made available to concerned parties widely as normal procedure even if SIA is used. However, the current draft could cause a wrong interpretation such as "when SIA is used and import requirements are identified by SIA, the requirements should be shared through SIA with concerned

	the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import regulatory system, NPPOs are still required <u>for transparency</u> to make their <u>established</u> phytosanitary import requirements available <u>through publication and transmission</u> as described in <u>section 1.5 of ISPM1</u> , section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	parties. In order to avoid this misunderstanding, suggest clarifying that 1) the purpose is transparency, 2) the import requirements are established ones, 3) the requirements should be made available through publication and transmission and 4) it is also described in the Section 1.5 "Transparency" of ISPM 1.
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) in ISPM 20 when official consent for import is necessary, when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons, or when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import regulatory system, NPPOs are still required to make their phytosanitary import requirements available as described in section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (70) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To help with understanding.
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) when official consent for import is necessary, when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons, or when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. <u>SIA may be used only for defined intended use or purpose and in defined period with condition of termination of SIA</u> Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import regulatory system, NPPOs are still required to make their phytosanitary import requirements available as described in section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (49) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:12 PM) As pointed out general comment, Korea propose to put a article to management and termination after issued an SIA.
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) when official consent for import is necessary, when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons , or when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (42) India (19 Aug 2022 8:54 AM) otherwise be prohibited for other phytosanitary reasons may be deleted.

	regulatory system, NPPOs are still required to make their phytosanitary import requirements available as described in section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	
29	The national plant protection organizations (NPPOs) of importing countries may choose to use specific import authorizations (SIAs) as referred to in this standard (section 4.2.2) when official consent for import is necessary, or when import would otherwise be prohibited for phytosanitary reasons, or or when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established. Even when using SIAs as part of their phytosanitary import regulatory system, NPPOs are still required to make their phytosanitary import requirements available as described in section 5.1.9.2 of this standard and in Article VII.2(b) of the IPPC.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (28) United States of America (11 Aug 2022 7:09 PM) To clarify if these are separate situations. Overall, these sentence is too long to capture the main ideas; consider revising.
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments consignments our particular origen . Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard. This annex also does not cover transit authorization, which can be found in section 4.3	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (232) Panama (30 Sep 2022 9:48 PM) Para continuar la secuencia del texto de la NIMF 20
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (168) Mexico (27 Sep 2022 6:12 PM) For consistency with point 4.3 of ISPM 20

	<p>information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard<u>standard and this annex also do not cover transit authorization wich can be found in section 4.2.3.</u></p>	
<p>30</p>	<p>This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments<u>consignments of a particular origin</u>. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard.</p>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (167) Mexico (27 Sep 2022 6:08 PM) For consistency with ISPM 20</p>
<p>30</p>	<p>This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments<u>consignments of a particular origin</u>. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard. <u>This Annex also does not cover transit authorization, which can be found in section 4.3 of this standard</u></p>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (118) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 3:54 PM) 1) Consistency with ISPM 20 Section 4.2.2 2) Last sentence reworded to align with sequence on the core text. Text added at the end of last sentence for clarification and consistency with previous sentence.</p>
<p>30</p>	<p>This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this</p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (94) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) The draft reads well and Zambia has no objection</p>

	annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard.	
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard. This Annex also does not cover transit authorization, which can be found in section 4.3 of this standard	<p><i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (83) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:03 PM) Text added at the end of last sentence for clarification and consistency with previous sentence.</p>
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard.	<p><i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (82) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:02 PM) Text moved at the end of the paragraph, to align with sequence on the core text.</p>
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments consignments of a particular origin . Although it is noted that some countries include non-	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (81) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:01 PM) Consistency with ISPM 20 Section 4.2.2</p>

	phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard.	
30	This annex describes situations where the use of SIAs may be required by an NPPO, the information that should be included on SIAs, and the respective responsibilities of the parties involved. Specific import authorizations are generally applied on a case-by-case basis and tailored to each specific import situation. They may be issued for individual consignments or a series of consignments. Although it is noted that some countries include non-phytosanitary requirements in their SIAs, this annex addresses only phytosanitary requirements. This annex does not cover transit authorization. This annex also does not cover information on general import authorizations, which can be found in section 4.2.2 of this standard.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (47) Zambia (22 Aug 2022 10:03 AM) Zambia has no objection on this standard
31	1. Types <u>and uses</u> of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (191) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:14 PM) More appropriate on this context.
31	1. Types <u>and uses</u> of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (150) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM)
31	1. Types of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (119) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 3:55 PM) The content of section 1 is already described in ISPM 20 and therefore it is proposed to include it in the introductory part of this Annex. Numbering should be adjusted accordingly
31	1. Types of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (84) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:04 PM) The content of section 1 is already described in ISPM 20 and therefore it is proposed to include it in the introductory part of this Annex. Numbering should be adjusted accordingly
31	1. Types <u>and uses</u> of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (4) Guatemala (27 Jul 2022 7:23 PM) ampliar la sección 1 para facilitar al lector la comprensión del anexo de la norma
31	1. Types <u>and uses</u> of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (3) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:23 PM) ampliar la sección No. 1 para facilitar la comprensión del mismo

32	Specific import authorizations may be provided in the form of import permits, licences or other types of written authorization as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, and may be in either paper or electronic format.	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (192) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:20 PM) Section 3 is more an introduction to the Annex and may be more appropriate here</p>
32	Specific import authorizations may be provided in the form of import permits, licences or other types of written authorization as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, and may be in either in paper or electronic format <u>format with verification code and/or traceability.</u>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (169) Mexico (27 Sep 2022 9:04 PM) To have a way to corroborate the issued permits</p>
32	<p>Specific import authorizations may be provided in the form of import permits, licences or other types of written authorization as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, and may be in either paper or electronic format.</p> <p><u>The following examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <u>research and scientific purposes;</u> - <u>exhibition purposes;</u> - <u>educational purposes;</u> - <u>religious or cultural purposes (e.g. religious festivals, ancestral customs);</u> - <u>articles for which the NPPO of the importing country requires the ability to trace and manage over a period of time after entry (e.g. articles subject to post-entry quarantine or processing);</u> - <u>emergency or exceptional situations;</u> - <u>biological control agents and other beneficial organisms;</u> - <u>situations where general import authorizations have not been developed or it is not possible to develop them; and</u> - <u>articles that are not routinely imported.</u> <p><u>The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided.</u></p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (152) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Section 3 is more an introduction to the Annex and may be more appropriate here</p>

<p>32</p>	<p>Specific import authorizations may be provided in the form of import permits, licences or other types of written authorization as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, and may be in either paper or electronic format.</p>	<p>Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (151) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Include section 3 here</p>
<p>32</p>	<p>Specific import authorizations may be provided in the form of import permits, licences or other types of written authorization as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, and may be in either paper or electronic format.</p> <p><u>The following examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - <u>research and scientific purposes;</u> - <u>exhibition purposes;</u> - <u>educational purposes;</u> - <u>religious or cultural purposes (e.g. religious festivals, ancestral customs);</u> - <u>articles for which the NPPO of the importing country requires the ability to trace and manage over a period of time after entry (e.g. articles subject to post-entry quarantine or processing);</u> - <u>emergency or exceptional situations;</u> - <u>biological control agents and other beneficial organisms;</u> - <u>situations where general import authorizations have not been developed or it is not possible to develop them; and</u> - <u>articles that are not routinely imported.</u> <p><u>The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided.</u></p>	<p>Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (5) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:26 PM) Reorganización de la sección 1 y 3, de acuerdo a comentario General</p>

35	2.1 Information requirements	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (200) Viet Nam (30 Sep 2022 11:41 AM) PPD agreed with the opinion of Korea, therefore, "The condition of termination of the SIA" should be including
35	2.1 Information requirements	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (199) Viet Nam (30 Sep 2022 11:41 AM) The information of the exporter (e.g. name, address) should be included in SIA.
36	The following information is the minimum information that should be included in SIAs: <u>- place of production</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (125) Egypt (24 Sep 2022 12:41 PM) Adding the place of production is important to define e.g. if it is within a PFA or within the infested area.
37	name of the <u>NPPONPPO of the importing country</u> , contact information for verification purposes, and name of the importing country;	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (217) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:49 PM) Precision given.
37	name of the <u>NPPONPPO of the importing country</u> , contact information for verification purposes, and name of the importing country;	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (136) Eppo (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Precision given.
37	name <u>and official seal</u> of the NPPO, contact information for verification purposes, and name of the importing country;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (120) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 3:57 PM) Official seal added to ensure that it is an official document
37	name <u>and official seal</u> of the NPPO, contact information for verification purposes, and name of the importing country;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (85) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:07 PM) Official seal added to ensure that it is an official document
37	name of the <u>NPPONPPO under the NPPO's official letterhead or logo</u> , contact information for verification purposes, and name of the importing country;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (71) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To ensure authority
41	description of the consignment covered by the SIA;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (193) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:25 PM) This may need to be expanded to give examples for instance level of processing, type of material etc.,
41	<u>description of the commodity or commodities that make up the consignment covered by the SEA; including quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or it is weight)description of the consignment covered by the SIA;</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (177) Mexico (28 Sep 2022 11:54 PM) Important data to generate the permit
41	description of the consignment covered by the <u>SIA;SIA including commodity and quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (153) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM)
41	description of the <u>commodity or commodities that make up the consignment covered by the SIA;</u>	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (121) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 3:58 PM) Clarification of the commodity description

41	description of the <u>commodity or commodities that make up the consignment covered by the SIA;</u>	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (86) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:10 PM) Clarification of the commodity description
41	description of the consignment covered by the <u>SIA (including name and quantity of the commodities or regulated articles that are authorized);</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (65) Brazil (30 Aug 2022 9:07 PM) This information has to be stated, they are not optional.
41	<u>description of the consignment covered by the SIA;</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (33) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:41 PM) Jamaica is seeking clarification as this seems wide and needs to be more specific for example botanical name, common name etc.
41	description of the consignment covered by the SIA; <u>commodity and quantity, number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight.</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (20) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:42 PM) la información del producto es básica en un SIA, para el proceso de autorización.
42	country of origin and country of export or re-export; <u>- Place of production</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (21) NEPP0 (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM) The place of production is important to define if it is within a PFA or within the infested area.
44	phytosanitary import requirements (where these have been established)(<u>as determined by the NPPO in an interim manner</u>); and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (194) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:27 PM) Suggestion that the sentence be clarified to address the apparent contradiction with the text in para 29 which states that SIAs are used when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established.
44	phytosanitary import requirements (where these have been established)(<u>as determined by the NPPO in an interim manner</u>); and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (154) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Suggestion that the sentence be clarified to address the apparent contradiction with the text in para 29 which states that SIAs are used when phytosanitary import requirements for the particular purpose, articles or situations have not yet been established.
44	phytosanitary import requirements <u>and supporting information</u> (where these have been established); and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (72) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To ensure that any supplementary requirements (such as additional declaration, manufacturer's declaration, etc.) is also covered
44	phytosanitary import requirements (where these have been established); and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (66) Brazil (30 Aug 2022 9:11 PM) If its has not been established it's not mandatory as minimal information
44	<u>phytosanitary import requirements (where these have been established);</u> <u>and</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (34) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:42 PM) Jamaica is seeking clarification as this seems contradictory to the scope of the annex
45	period of validity. <u>- condition of termination of the SIA</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (204) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) As pointed out general comment, Korea think "condition of termination of the SIA" should be included required information.

45	period of validity.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (203) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) - Exporter Name
45	period of validity. - The importer/ exporting country shall file SIA application mentioning specific purpose along with necessary data for conducting Risk Assessment	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (43) India (19 Aug 2022 8:56 AM) To be added
45	period of validity.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (95) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Name of issuing officer
45	period of validity. - condition of termination of the SIA	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (50) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:13 PM) As pointed out general comment, Korea think "condition of termination of the SIA" should be included required information.
46	Other information may also be included in SIAs, such as:	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (171) South Africa (28 Sep 2022 8:14 AM) Proposal to include "Authorized" in Issuing officers because not all issuing officers would be authorised to issue the SIA.
46	Other information may also be included in SIAs, such as:	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (57) China (28 Aug 2022 4:38 PM) It is suggested that the content of [47] be included in [41], and be combined as to be "description of the consignment covered by the SIA, including the information of quantity (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight) etc." Because SIA is different from ordinary goods, quantity is necessary information to be considered.
47	quantity of the commodity in the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight weight or volume);	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (218) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:50 PM) 'Quantity' of a consignment does not sound correct, quantity should refer to a commodity. This is also consistent with ISPM 12 (section 5, p. 15) and with the model phytosanitary certificate annexed to the IPPC.
47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (195) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:30 PM) Move to description of consignment as this should be a minimum requirement
47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (178) Mexico (28 Sep 2022 11:55 PM) Already contained in the description of the commodity
47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight)q);	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (156) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM)

47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (155) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Jamaica proposes moving this to the section "minimum information" above
47	quantity of the commodity in the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (137) EPPC (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) 'Quantity' of a consignment does not sound correct, quantity should refer to a commodity. This is also consistent with ISPM 12 (section 5, p. 15) and with the model phytosanitary certificate annexed to the IPPC.
47	- <u>phytosanitary import requirements (where these have been established);</u> - quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (67) Brazil (30 Aug 2022 9:13 PM) Brought from above, because if it hasn't been established yet it's optional
47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (35) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:43 PM) Jamaica proposes moving this to the section "minimum information" above.
47	quantity of the consignment (number of units that make up the consignment, or its weight);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (19) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:34 PM) trasladarlo como información mínima (párrafo No. 38)
48	whether the authorization is for an individual consignment or a series of consignments;	Category : <i>EDITORIAL</i> (219) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:51 PM) Clearer.
48	whether the authorization is for an individual or a series of consignments; <u>- maintenance method of consignment integrity (e.g. sealing of exterior openings);</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (205) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) Add the description of packing method (e.g. packing in airtight container, sealing of exterior openings) because it is important to prevent recontamination of the consignment, escape of pests or spread of soil during transportation and importation of the consignment for which SIA is used
48	whether the authorization is for an individual or a series of consignments; <u>- maintenance method of consignment integrity (e.g. sealing of exterior openings);</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (182) Japan (29 Sep 2022 11:11 AM) Add the description of packing method (e.g. packing in airtight container, sealing of exterior openings) because it is important to prevent recontamination of the consignment, escape of pests or spread of soil during transportation and importation of the consignment for which SIA is used.
48	whether the authorization is for an individual consignment or a series of consignments;	Category : <i>EDITORIAL</i> (138) EPPC (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Clearer.
51	issuing officer;	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (96) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Name and Signature of the issuing officer

51	issuing officer;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (90) Kenya (6 Sep 2022 1:52 PM) Name and Signature of the issuing officer
52	exporter <u>exporter's information (e.g. name and address of exporter);</u> <u>-production and processing enterprises in the exporting countries</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (207) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) The details of exporters should be aligned with those of importers. The production and processing enterprise information of the exporting country is used for traceability and management.
52	exporter;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (206) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) - delete exporter, - "Exporter Name" should be a required information for traceability purposes
52	exporter;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (97) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Put a Q for Quarantine materials
52	<u>exporter</u> ;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (91) Kenya (6 Sep 2022 1:53 PM) Put a Q for Quarantine materials
52	exporter <u>exporter's information (e.g. name and address of exporter);</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (55) Thailand (25 Aug 2022 11:38 AM) The details of exporters should be aligned with those of importers.
52	exporter; <u>- import or post-entry conditions;</u>	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (29) United States of America (11 Aug 2022 7:11 PM) Could be useful when import requirements do yet exist.
54	treatment provider. <u>- type of treatment</u>	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (99) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM)
54	treatment provider.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (98) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Treatment provider and Phytosanitary measures requested
54	treatment provider. <u>-production and processing enterprises in the exporting countries.</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (58) China (28 Aug 2022 4:39 PM) The production and processing enterprise information of the exporting country is used for traceability and management.
54	<u>treatment provider.</u>	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (36) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:44 PM) Jamaica proposes rephrasing to state "Treatment and treatment provider (if required)"
55	2.2 Language	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (198) Viet Nam (30 Sep 2022 11:39 AM) VN recommends using 2 languages, which are English and the language of the importing country in SIA.

56	The NPPOs of importing countries may choose the language or languages in which are required to issue their SIAs are issued in their specific language , but are encouraged to also use one of the official languages of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations FAO, preferably English.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (189) Mexico (29 Sep 2022 9:30 PM) The country must issue the permit in their native language. The acronym for FAO comes from ISPM 20
56	The NPPOs of importing countries may choose the language or languages in which their SIAs are issued but are encouraged to also use one of the official languages of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, preferably English.	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (122) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 3:59 PM)
56	The NPPOs of importing countries may choose the language or languages in which their SIAs are issued but are encouraged to also use one of the official languages of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, preferably English.	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (87) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:13 PM)
57	3. Uses of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (37) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:44 PM) Jamaica agrees with this section
57	3. Uses of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (7) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:28 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
57	3. Uses of specific import authorizations	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (6) Guatemala (27 Jul 2022 7:27 PM) eliminar esta sección para trasladar a la sección 1
58	The following are examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate:	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (220) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:51 PM) Clearer.
58	The following are examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate:	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (139) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Clearer
58	The following examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate:	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (56) Thailand (25 Aug 2022 11:41 AM) The list of examples under section 3 should be clearly classified into 3 groups (purpose, articles and situations).
58	The following examples of purposes, articles and situations related to import indicate where use of SIAs may be appropriate:	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (8) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:28 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
59	research and scientific purposes;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (9) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general

60	exhibition purposes;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (10) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
61	educational purposes; - human health purposes;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (73) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To make the list more inclusive.
61	educational purposes;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (11) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
62	religious or cultural purposes (e.g. religious festivals, ancestral customs);	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (12) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
63	articles for which the NPPO of the importing country requires the ability to trace and manage over a period of time after entry (e.g. articles subject to post entry quarantine or processing);	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (59) China (28 Aug 2022 4:40 PM) The tracing and management of all articles after entry into the country is the scope of routine quarantine management, and special quarantine requirements should not be put forward in such cases.
63	articles for which the NPPO of the importing country requires the ability to trace and manage over a period of time after entry (e.g. articles subject to post entry quarantine or processing);	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (13) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
64	emergency or exceptional situations;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (14) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:29 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
65	biological control agents and other beneficial organisms;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (15) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:30 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
66	situations where general import authorizations have not been developed or it is not possible to develop them; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (16) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:30 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
67	articles that are not routinely imported; - articles with a high phytosanitary risk and requiring traceability.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (22) NEPPPO (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
67	articles that are not routinely imported.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (17) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:30 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general

68	Countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided. The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided.	Category : EDITORIAL (221) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:53 PM) Normally this is not specified in Standards, especially not when the heading of the list indicates 'may'.
68	Countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided. The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided.	Category : EDITORIAL (140) Eppo (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Normally this is not specified in Standards, especially not when the heading of the list indicates 'may'.
68	The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided. <u>SIAs should not be used where a GIA could be put in place e.g. where an Import Risk Assessment (IRA) has not been conducted or is in progress.</u>	Category : SUBSTANTIVE (74) PPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To prevent stakeholders using this as a loophole.
68	The list above is not intended to be exhaustive and countries are not required to use SIAs for the examples provided.	Category : SUBSTANTIVE (18) OIRSA (27 Jul 2022 7:30 PM) Se elimina toda la sección 3 y se traslada la información a la sección 1, de acuerdo a comentario general
70	4.1 The NPPO of the importing country	Category : EDITORIAL (100) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) we accept this review
71	When using SIAs, the NPPO of the importing country should comply with the principles described in the IPPC and ISPM 1 (Phytosanitary principles for the protection of plants and the application of phytosanitary measures in international trade), such as those relating to minimal impact, transparency, non-discrimination, technical justification and cooperation.	Category : SUBSTANTIVE (179) Mexico (29 Sep 2022 12:13 AM) NPPOs must always comply with the IPPC and ISPM 1 regardless of whether they issue SIAs or not.
71	When using SIAs, the NPPO of the importing country should comply with the principles described in the IPPC and ISPM 1 (Phytosanitary principles for the protection of plants and the application of phytosanitary measures in international trade), such as those relating to minimal impact, transparency, non-discrimination, technical justification and cooperation.	Category : EDITORIAL (173) New Zealand (28 Sep 2022 8:22 AM)
71	When using SIAs, the NPPO of the importing country should comply with the principles described in the IPPC and ISPM 1 (Phytosanitary principles for the protection of plants and the application of phytosanitary measures in international trade), such as those relating to minimal impact, transparency, non-discrimination, technical justification and cooperation.	Category : TECHNICAL (123) Uruguay (19 Sep 2022 4:00 PM) NPPOs should always comply with principles described in IPPC and ISPM 1, not only when using SIAs

71	When using SIAs, the NPPO of the importing country should comply with the principles described in the IPPC and ISPM 1 (Phytosanitary principles for the protection of plants and the application of phytosanitary measures in international trade), such as those relating to minimal impact, transparency, non-discrimination, technical justification and cooperation.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (88) COSAVE (5 Sep 2022 7:16 PM) NPPOs should always comply with principles described in IPPC and ISPM 1, not only when using SIAs
72	The responsibilities of the NPPO of the importing country should include elements such as <u>the following elements</u> :	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (130) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:53 AM) The wording of 'should' and 'such as' creates confusion as to whether it is a requirement or not.
72	The responsibilities of the NPPO of the importing country should include elements <u>such as</u> :	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (75) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) Suggested additional responsibility for the importing country: - clearly communicating any expectations of the exporting country NPPO that is additional to the issuance of phytosanitary certification (e.g. endorsement of the SIA). Justification for the additional expectations should also be clearly communicated.
72	The responsibilities of the NPPO of the importing country should include elements such as <u>elements</u> :	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (60) China (28 Aug 2022 4:40 PM)
73	<u>clearly communicating any expectations of the exporting country NPPO that is additional to the issuance of phytosanitary certification (e.g. endorsement of the SIA). Justification for the additional expectations should also be clearly communicated.</u> publishing (e.g. on the NPPO website) information on the regulated articles and intended uses for which an SIA is required;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (174) New Zealand (28 Sep 2022 8:24 AM) suggest additional responsibility for the importing country
74	having a process in place for assessing and identifying the information that will be needed for SIAs and setting up SIAs;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (30) United States of America (11 Aug 2022 7:13 PM) Suggest deleting – redundant from "...needed for SIAs..."
76	publishing the process by which an importer can apply for an SIA and the application form that the importer needs to complete; -publishing the permit processing steps and timelines	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (61) China (28 Aug 2022 4:41 PM) Clarify the audit procedures and time requirements of NPPO of the importing country for SIA.
78	issuing an SIA without undue delay if the <u>information</u> requirements for the SIA are met;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (208) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) Suggested addition: "...information requirement..." To provide clarity on what requirements should be met for issuing the SIA.
78	issuing an SIA without undue delay if the <u>information</u> requirements for the SIA are met;	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (175) New Zealand (28 Sep 2022 8:25 AM) to provide more specificity about what requirements should be met for issuing the SIA.

79	defining the language or languages used in SIAs;	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (38) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:45 PM) Jamaica proposes changing the word "defining" to "stating". This is an editorial change to enhance reading.
80	clearly specifying phytosanitary import requirements in SIAs (where these have been established);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (126) Egypt (24 Sep 2022 12:45 PM) It is recommended to separate and identify phytosanitary requirements from other requirements in SIAs
80	clearly specifying phytosanitary import requirements in SIAs (where these have been established established) (including the limitations on the points of entry, registration requirements for production and processing enterprises) ;	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (62) China (28 Aug 2022 4:42 PM) Give examples to illustrate some special phytosanitary requirements that may be used in SIA
80	clearly specifying phytosanitary import requirements in SIAs (where these have been established);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (39) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:46 PM) Jamaica is seeking clarification as this seems contradictory to the scope of the annex.
80	clearly specifying phytosanitary import requirements in SIAs (where these have been established); <u>- separate and identify phytosanitary requirements from other requirements in SIAs ;</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (23) NEPPPO (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
82	<u>- monitoring compliance with SIAs.</u> - monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (209) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM)
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate. <u>- monitoring compliance with SIAs</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (131) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:55 AM) The importing NPPO should monitor compliance with SIAs to ensure safe trade and compliance with ISPM 1.
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (103) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Notification
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (102) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Add. Notifying the exporting country of any non compliance of the imported material at the entry point.
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (101) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Ajouté que l'ONPV a la responsabilité de

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - définir la validé du document d'importation ; - veiller à l'authenticité des documents délivrés.
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (92) Kenya (6 Sep 2022 2:22 PM) Add. Notifying the exporting country of any non compliance of the imported material at the entry point.</p>
82	monitoring trade under <u>SIAs, compliance with the</u> SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate.	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (76) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) For completeness</p>
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate. <u>-The importing country can send personnel to carry out pre-quarantine and surveys in the field to evaluate the import feasibility of applying SIA</u>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (63) China (28 Aug 2022 4:42 PM) Facilitate the actual situation of goods with SIA.</p>
82	monitoring trade under SIAs and considering transferring SIAs to general import authorizations where appropriate. <u>- checking the conformity of requirements of SIA after import</u> <u>- confirmation of termination of SIA if required</u>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (51) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:14 PM) As pointed out the general comment, Korea propose put a article to check the conformity of requirements of SIA after import by the NPPO of the importing country.</p>
84	The responsibilities of importers, as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, <u>may-should</u> include:	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (222) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:54 PM) Clearly paragraphs 85 and 86 are required responsibilities and this should be stated. If paragraph 87 is not always required, we suggest to put "if required," at its beginning (as it is done for paragraph 88), so that "should" can be used in the introductory paragraph 84.</p>
84	The responsibilities of importers, as determined by the NPPO of the importing country, <u>may-should</u> include:	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (141) Eppo (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Clearly paragraphs 85 and 86 are required responsibilities and this should be stated. If paragraph 87 is not always required, we suggest to put "if required," at its beginning (as it is done for paragraph 88), so that "should" can be used in the introductory paragraph 84.</p>
85	<u>request applying for an a SIA before import prior importation</u> in situations where <u>an SIA-it</u> is required;	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (180) Mexico (29 Sep 2022 12:28 AM) Clarifying the idea</p>
85	applying for an SIA before import in situations where an SIA is required; <u>-Not seeking an SIA where GIAs are available;</u>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (77) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To link with above comment.</p>
86	complying with the requirements of the SIA; <u>and stating the case if the measure was not met (e.g return of articles, destruction, treatment).</u>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (127) Egypt (24 Sep 2022 5:18 PM) Clarifying the status of the commodity as per the phytosanitary measures decreed by the NPPO of importing country if the requirements was not met.</p>

86	complying with the requirements of the <u>SIA</u> as per the phytosanitary measures decreed by the NPPO of importing country if the requirements of the SIA are not respected (e.g return of articles, destruction, treatment);	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (24) NEPP0 (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
87	providing the SIA to the exporter exporter within a reasonable period of time according to the period of validity of the SIA;	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (25) NEPP0 (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
88	if required , notifying the NPPO of the importing country of the timing of the import or other information; and	Category : <i>EDITORIAL</i> (132) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:56 AM) This dot point is under 'may include' making the wording 'if required' redundant due to not being a compulsory responsibility.
89	when necessary, providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand. <u>-The import shall happen only after issuance of SIA and not in anticipation of SIA</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (210) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) To be added
89	when necessary , providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	Category : <i>EDITORIAL</i> (133) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:57 AM) This dot point is under 'may include' making the wording 'if required' redundant due to not being a compulsory responsibility.
89	when necessary, providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand. <u>- complying the condition of termination</u>	Category : <i>SUBSTANTIVE</i> (52) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:15 PM) For consistency with section 4.1
91	<u>Exporters should comply with the requirements of the SIA.</u> <u>When required by the NPPO of the exporting country, the exporter should also:</u> <u>- obtain and provide them with a legible SIA,</u> <u>- provide the translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.</u> <u>The responsibilities of exporters may include:</u>	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (223) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:55 PM) New wording proposed to highlight the main responsibility of the exporters (i.e. comply with the requirements of the SIA) and that possible other requirements depend on what is required by the NPPO of the exporting country concerned, this may depend on the way of working of the NPPO.
91	The responsibilities of exporters may include: <u>Exporters should comply with the requirements of the SIA.</u> <u>When required by the NPPO of the exporting country, the exporter should also:</u> <u>- obtain and provide them with a legible SIA,</u>	Category : <i>TECHNICAL</i> (142) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) New wording proposed to highlight the main responsibility of the exporters (i.e. comply with the requirements of the SIA) and that possible other requirements depend on what is required by the NPPO of the exporting country concerned, this may depend on the way of working of the NPPO.

	- provide the translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	
92	obtaining an SIA from the importer before export if an SIA is required; Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested for para [91] above.	Category : TECHNICAL (224) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:56 PM)
92	obtaining an a SIA from the importer before export if an SIA export when is required;	Category : TECHNICAL (181) Mexico (29 Sep 2022 12:30 AM)
92	obtaining an SIA from the importer before export if an SIA is required;	Category : TECHNICAL (143) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested above.
92	obtaining an SIA from the importer before export if an SIA is required and within a reasonable period of time according to the period of validity of the SIA;	Category : TECHNICAL (128) Egypt (24 Sep 2022 5:20 PM)
93	complying with the requirements of the SIA;	Category : TECHNICAL (225) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:57 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested for para [91] above.
93	complying with the requirements of the SIA;	Category : TECHNICAL (144) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested above. Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested above.
93	complying with the requirements of the SIA SIA and other relevant standards and regulations;	Category : SUBSTANTIVE (78) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To ensure completeness of compliance with all (phytosanitary and other) import requirements.
94	submitting a legible SIA to the NPPO of the exporting country; and	Category : TECHNICAL (226) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:57 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested for para [91] above.
94	submitting a legible SIA to the NPPO of the exporting country; and	Category : TECHNICAL (145) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested above.
94	submitting a legible SIA to the NPPO of the exporting country country within a reasonable period of time according to the period of validity of the SIA; and	Category : TECHNICAL (26) NEPPPO (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
95	when necessary, providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	Category : TECHNICAL (227) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:57 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested for para [91] above.
95	when necessary, providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	Category : TECHNICAL (146) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Paragraph deleted and substituted by the text suggested above.

95	when necessary , providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (134) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:57 AM) This dot point is under 'may include' making the wording 'if required' redundant due to not being a compulsory responsibility.
95	when necessary, providing a translation of the SIA in a language that the NPPO of the exporting country can understand.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (104) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) soumettre une autorisation d'importation spécifique conforme lisible à l'OPBL du pays exportateur
96	4.4 The NPPO of the exporting country	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (105) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) The NPPO of exporting country should give brief information about the import commodities when asked by importing country.
97	The responsibilities of the NPPO of the exporting country may include country:	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (228) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:58 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.
97	The responsibilities of the NPPO of the exporting country may include country:	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (147) Eppo (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.
98	may obtaining obtain the SIA; and <u>SIA directly from the NPPO of the importing country or require exporters to obtain the SIA and present it to them;</u>	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (229) European Union (30 Sep 2022 2:59 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.
98	obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (211) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) Korea to purpose to delete this statement because the responsibility to obtain the SIA rest with exporter not the NPPO of the exporting country.
98	obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (201) Viet Nam (30 Sep 2022 11:50 AM) Suggested deletion "obtaining the SIA; and" and replaced by "Requests the exporter to provide SIA"
98	obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (176) New Zealand (28 Sep 2022 8:27 AM) Suggest deleting para [98] as it implies the exporting NPPO should get a SIA, whereas this is already covered under 4.2 and 4.3. It is not the responsibility of the

		exporting NPPO to obtain a SIA. The second bullet already captured the exporting NPPO sighting the SIA as it should accompany the phyto request. Is the NPPO responsible for ensuring a SIA has been obtained prior to certification?
98	may obtaining-obtain the SIA directly from the NPPO of the importing country or require exporters to obtain the SIA and present it to them; and	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (148) EPPO (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.
98	verifying-obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (135) Australia (26 Sep 2022 3:58 AM) It is not considered the responsibility of the NPPO to obtain the SIA, however verification of an SIA by the NPPO may be required during inspection prior to export.
98	obtaining the SIA; -to provide any information of the commodity being exported in case they requested by the importing country and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (106) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) this is for clarity
98	verification of the SIA submitted by an exporter-obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (80) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) To ensure compliance and link to responsibility of exporters (4.3) as well as below paragraph
98	obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (79) PPPO (1 Sep 2022 3:14 AM) Suggested deletion of this statement as it implies that the exporting NPPO should request an SIA, however section 4.2 and 4.3 provide clarity on the responsibility of importers and exporters for applying/obtaining an SIA. The second bullet point under this section covers the NPPOs responsibility for sighting the SIA when undertaking phytosanitary certification process.
98	obtaining the SIA; and	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (53) Korea, Republic of (24 Aug 2022 1:16 PM) Korea to purpose to delete this statement because the responsibility to obtain the SIA rest with exporter not the NPPO of the exporting country.
98	obtaining-obtaining the SIA; and SIA ;	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (27) NEPPPO (3 Aug 2022 5:35 PM)
99	certifying-should ensure the compliance of plants, plant products or other regulated articles-consignment complies with the phytosanitary import requirements when a request for phytosanitary certification is accompanied by an included in the SIA.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (230) European Union (30 Sep 2022 3:01 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.

99	<p>certifying the compliance of plants, plant products or other regulated articles with the phytosanitary import requirements when a request for phytosanitary certification is accompanied by an SIA.</p> <p><u>-The exporting country shall provide data requiring for conducting PRA</u></p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (212) APPPC (30 Sep 2022 11:56 AM) To be added</p>
99	<p><u>should ensure the consignment complies with the phytosanitary import requirements included in the SIA. certifying the compliance of plants, plant products or other regulated articles with the phytosanitary import requirements when a request for phytosanitary certification is accompanied by an SIA.</u></p>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (149) Eppo (26 Sep 2022 3:42 PM) Some of the obligations of the NPPO of the exporting country are a 'should' and others are a 'may'. NPPOs may also have different ways of working and may either obtain the SIA themselves from the NPPO of the importing country or require the exporter to do so. This should be expressed in these paragraphs (97, 98 and 99). Therefore, this rewording is suggested.</p>
99	<p>certifying the compliance of plants, plant products or other regulated articles with the phytosanitary import requirements when a request for phytosanitary certification is accompanied by an SIA.</p> <p><u>-The importer/exporting country shall provide data requiring for conducting Risk Assessment</u></p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (44) India (19 Aug 2022 8:58 AM) To be added</p>
99	<p><u>certifying the compliance of plants, plant products or other regulated articles with the phytosanitary import requirements when a request for phytosanitary certification is accompanied by an SIA.</u></p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (40) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:48 PM) Jamaica proposes changing "an" to "a". This is an editorial change for a better read. Jamaica is also seeking clarification as this seems contradictory to the scope of the annex.</p>
100	<p>Potential implementation issues</p>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (184) Mozambique (29 Sep 2022 12:16 PM) One of the potential implementation issues related to this draft is the use of SIA by the importers to import several times the same prohibited type of consignments if rules or guidelines are not set to control. To overcome this issue we propose that the drafters of this standard should stipulate limits of times to request SIA for the same type of consignment, this probably can help to monitor, e.g; SIA cannot be requested for the same type of consignments more than 2 times unless there is strong justification.</p>
100	<p>Potential implementation issues</p>	<p><i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (107) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) One of the potential issues related to this standard is the use of the standard for another purpose by the importers, they can request many times the SIA to import prohibited consignment in the general import authorizations. To address this issue the standard should provide rules to limit the use of SIA for the same purpose or stipulate times to be used by the same importer</p>
101	<p>This section is not part of the standard. The Standards Committee in May 2016 requested the Secretariat to gather information on any potential</p>	<p><i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (196) Barbados (29 Sep 2022 10:30 PM) The main issue in the implementation of this standard would lie in having current information on the pest profile of the commodity.</p>

	implementation issues related to this draft. Please provide details and proposals on how to address these potential implementation issues.	
101	This section is not part of the standard. The Standards Committee in May 2016 requested the Secretariat to gather information on any potential implementation issues related to this draft. Please provide details and proposals on how to address these potential implementation issues.	<i>Category : SUBSTANTIVE</i> (158) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) The main issue in the implementation of this standard would lie in having current information on the pest profile of the commodity.
101	This section is not part of the standard. The Standards Committee in May 2016 requested the Secretariat to gather information on any potential implementation issues related to this draft. Please provide details and proposals on how to address these potential implementation issues.	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (157) Caribbean Agricultural Health and Food Safety Agency (26 Sep 2022 7:36 PM) Jamaica does not foresee any issues outside of non-compliance and for any issues related to non-compliance will be handled in accordance with the normal procedures.
101	This section is not part of the standard. The Standards Committee in May 2016 requested the Secretariat to gather information on any potential implementation issues related to this draft. Please provide details and proposals on how to address these potential implementation issues.	<i>Category : TECHNICAL</i> (108) IPPC Regional Workshop Africa (8 Sep 2022 1:50 PM) Le Gabon implémente déjà cette mesure
101	This section is not part of the standard. The Standards Committee in May 2016 requested the Secretariat to gather information on any potential implementation issues related to this draft. Please provide details and proposals on how to address these potential implementation issues.	<i>Category : EDITORIAL</i> (32) Jamaica (12 Aug 2022 10:34 PM) Jamaica does not foresee any issues outside of non-compliance and for any issues related to non-compliance will be handled in accordance with the normal procedures.