International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures:

how they affect global refrigerated transport

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International Plant Protection Convention

Vision:

• Protecting global plant resources from pests.

Four strategic objectives:

- Protect sustainable agriculture and enhance global food security
- Protect the environment, forests and biodiversity
- Facilitate economic and **trade** development
- Develop phytosanitary **capacity** for members





International Plant Protection Convention

Pests: Insects, weeds, IAS, virus etc

Focus of the IPPC is on "pests" that have a negative







Our stakeholders

- Contracting parties to the IPPC
 - IPPC obligation: Establish a National Plant Protection Organization (NPPO) and designate an contact point
 - Agriculture, forestry, environment, government, industry, civil society
- Regional Plant Protection Organizations
- International Organizations

NPPO – Industry Relations

- Get to know your NPPO
- Engage your NPPO in discussions about unfair import requirements
- Provide your comments on draft standards







International Standards

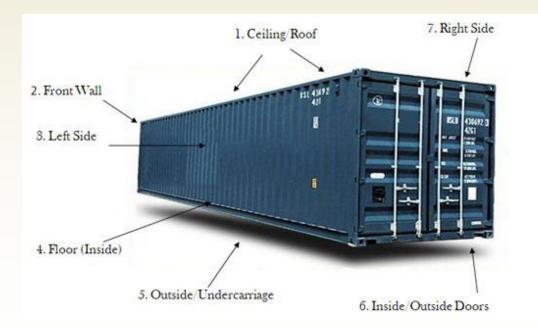
- International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM)
- Internationally agreed
- Harmonize phytosanitary measures
- Help ensure safe and fair trade of plants and plant products while reducing pest spread
- WTO SPS recognized standard setting bodies:
 - IPPC
 - OIE
 - Codex





Under development:

Minimizing pest movement by sea containers







International standards setting process

- Complex, slow and costly
- Also open, transparent and inclusive
- 5 to 7 years to develop a standard
- New standards are adopted every year
- You are invited to participate in all stages







ISPM 15:2009

Regulation of wood packaging material in international trade

- Wood packaging material: pallets, dunnage, etc
- Agreed treatments to kill forest pests
- ISPM 15 "mark" is allowed on products following ISPM 15
- 1st 2002, huge impact on industry, costing billions









ISPM 32:2009

<u>Categorization of commodities according to their pest risk</u> Example: frozen French fries

- Commercial process: Quick freezing
- Example: Frozen fruits and vegetables
- Associated pest risk: Very low





High risk

Low risk





Purpose of Sea Container standard



- Guidance to NPPOs
- Set criteria for the cleanliness (pest freedom) of sea containers





Expert Working Group (EWG) on Sea Containers

- Standard being developed by a variety of experts:
- Phytosanitary, Logistics, Industry
- International organizations:
- IMO shipping (high seas),
- CBD (biodiversity), and
- COA (owners)









EWG on Sea Conta

Standard is still draft but likely to include:

- Criteria for cleaning
- Visual checking
- Contaminant disposal
- Accreditation

Reports from EWG on IPPC website







Draft Standard on Sea Containers

- Follows a Specification
- Presented to the IPPC
 Standards Committee
- 2013 Member Consultation
- Other drafts to watch for:
 - ePhyto
 - Air containers



Checking a container



Next steps for Seminar Participants

Common goals:

- Stop spread of pests (Invasive Alien Species)
- Protect biodiversity

How do you contribute:

- ✓ NPPO relationship
- ✓ Industry representatives
- Comment on draft standards





Where can I find more information?

- The IPPC website: <u>www.ippc.int</u>
- Adopted standards: <u>https://www.ippc.int/index.php?id=13399</u>
- Reports from EWGs:
- https://www.ippc.int/index.php?id=179725
- National contact points:

https://www.ippc.int/index.php?id=1110520&no cache=1&type=co ntactpoints&L=0

• Member consultation:

https://www.ippc.int/index.php?id=207803





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