List of the Plants Subject to Growing Site Inspection in Exporting Countries

(Newly added countries, plants, quarantine pests and condition in the list are underlined. Newly deleted countries, plants and quarantine pests are struck through. These underlined and strike-through parts will take effect on 24 February 2015)

(24 February 2014)

			(211 oblidaly 2011)
Areas	Plants	Quarantine Pests	Condition
1.			
[Middle East] Turkey	Underground portions of the live	Meloidogyne chitwoodi	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Europe] Belgium, Germany,	plant being capable of planting for	(Columbia root-knot nematode)	endorsed with the following
Netherlands, Portugal	cultivation of the following plants:		additional declaration:
[Africa] Republic of South Africa	black salsify, carrot, potato and		
[North America] United States of	sugar beet		"This is to further certify that the
America (excluding Hawaiian Islands,			plants were grown on a farm(s)
hereinafter referred to as "United			where Meloidogyne chitwoodi has not
States of America")			been recorded, and these plants
[Latin America] Argentina			were inspected on the field during
			the growing season and the growing
			medium of the growing site(s) and
			the underground parts of the plants
			were examined by an appropriate
			method(s) and found to be free from
			Meloidogyne chitwoodi."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Meloidogyne
			chitwoodi has not been recorded"

	I		
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
2.			
[Asia] Korea, Pakistan	Underground portions of the live	Heterodera schachtii	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Iran, Iraq, Israel,	plant being capable of planting for	(Sugar beet nematode)	endorsed with the following
Jordan, Turkey	cultivation of the following plants:		additional declaration:
[Europe] Albania, Armenia, Austria,	garden rhubarb, Beta and Brassica		
Azerbaijan, Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia			"This is to further certify that the
and Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Czech			plants were grown on a farm(s)
Republic, Croatia, Denmark, Estonia,			where Heterodera schachtii has not
Finland, Former Yugoslav Republic of			been recorded, and these plants
Macedonia, France, Georgia,			were inspected on the field during
Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy,			the growing season and the growing
Ireland, Kazakhstan, Kosovo, Kyrgyz,			medium of the growing site(s) and
Latvia, Lithuania, Moldova,			the underground parts of the plants
Netherlands, Montenegro, Poland,			were examined by an appropriate
Romania, Russia, Serbia, Slovak,			method(s) and found to be free from
Slovenia, Spain, Sweden,			Heterodera schachtii."
Switzerland, Tajikistan, Turkmenistan,			
Ukraine, United Kingdom (Great			Note: "A farm(s) where Meloidogyne
Britain and Northern Ireland,			chitwoodi has not been recorded"
hereinafter referred to as "United			includes a farm(s) where the pest
Kingdom"), Uzbekistan			was recorded previously, but has
[Africa] Canary Islands, Cape Verde,			been eradicated.

Gambia, Lybia, Morocco, Republic of			
South Africa, Senegal			
[North America] Canada, United			
States of America			
[Latin America] Chile, Mexico, Peru			
[Oceania] Australia, Hawaiian			
Islands, New Zealand			
3.			
[Europe] Belgium, France,	Underground portions of the live	Meloidogyne fallax	Phytosanitary certificate must be
Netherlands, Switzerland	plant being capable of planting for	(False Columbia root-knot	endorsed with the following
[Oceania] Australia, New Zealand	cultivation of the following plants:	nematode)	additional declaration:
	asparagus, black salsify, potato,		
	strawberry and tomato		"This is to further certify that the
			plants were grown on a farm(s)
			where Meloidogyne fallax has not
			been recorded, and these plants
			were inspected on the field during
			the growing season and the growing
			medium of the growing site(s) and
			the underground parts of the plants
			were examined by an appropriate
			method(s) and found to be free from
			Meloidogyne fallax."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Meloidogyne

			T
			fallax has not been recorded"
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
4.			
[Asia] India	Underground portions of the live	Nacobbus aberrans	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Europe] Armenia, Azerbaijan,	plant being capable of planting for	(False root-knot nematode)	endorsed with the following
Belarus, Estonia, Finland, Georgia,	cultivation of the following plants:		additional declaration:
Kazakhstan, Kyrgyz, Latvia, Lithuania,	Mammillaria vivipara, Opuntia		
Moldova, Netherlands, Russia,	fragilis, Opuntia tortispina, potato,		"This is to further certify that the
Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine,	tomato and Beta		plants were grown on a farm(s)
United Kingdom, Uzbekistan			where Nacobbus aberrans has not
[North America] United States of			been recorded, and these plants
America			were inspected on the field during
[Latin America] Argentina, Bolivia,			the growing season and the growing
Chile, Ecuador, Mexico, Peru			medium of the growing site(s) and
			the underground parts of the plants
			were examined by an appropriate
			method(s) and found to be free from
			Nacobbus aberrans."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Nacobbus
			aberrans has not been recorded"
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has

			been eradicated.
5.			
[Asia] Bangladesh, India, Indonesia,	Underground portions of the live	Radopholus similis	
Malaysia, Pakistan, Philippines,	plant being capable of planting for	(Banana burrowing nematode)	Phytosanitary certificate must be
Singapore, Sri Lanka, Thailand, Viet	cultivation of the following plants:		endorsed with the following
<u>Nam</u>	avocado, betel palm, Canna edulis,		additional declaration:
[Middle East] Oman	Celosia nitida, coconut, Colocasia		
[Europe] Belgium, Denmark, France,	esculenta, corn, ginger, greater		"This is to further certify that the
Germany, Netherlands, Poland,	yam, okra, peanut (excluding seeds		plants were grown on a farm(s)
United Kingdom	without pod), potato, sugarcane,		where Radopholus similis has not
[Africa] Cameroon, Democratic	tea, turmeric, Anthurium, Beta,		been recorded, and these plants
Republic of the Congo, Egypt,	Calathea, Coffea, Maranta, Musa,		were inspected on the field during
Ethiopia, Ghana, Gabon, Guinea,	Philodendron and Piper		the growing season and the growing
Kenya, Madagascar, Malawi,			medium of the growing site(s) and
Mozambique, Nigeria, Republic of			the underground parts of the plants
Cote d'Ivoire, Republic of South			were examined by an appropriate
Africa, Reunion, Senegal, Somalia,			method(s) and found to be free from
South Sudan, Sudan, Tanzania,			Radopholus similis."
Uganda, Zambia, Zimbabwe			
[North America] Canada, United			Note: "A farm(s) where Radopholus
States of America			similis has not been recorded"
[Latin America] Belize, Brazil,			includes a farm(s) where the pest
Colombia, Costa Rica, Cuba,			was recorded previously, but has
Dominica, Dominican Republic,			been eradicated.
Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala,			

Guadeloupe, Grenada, Jamaica,			
Martinique Island, Mexico, Nicaragua,			
Panama, Peru, Puerto Rico, Saint			
Lucia, Saint Vincent, Suriname,			
Trinidad and Tobago, Venezuela			
[Oceania] Australia, Fiji, Hawaiian			
Islands, New Caledonia, Papua New			
Guinea, Samoa, Tonga			
6.			
[Asia] China (excluding Hong Kong,	Pea seeds for planting.	Fusarium oxysporum f. sp. pisi	Phytosanitary certificate must be
hereinafter referred to as "China"),		(Near-wilt of pea)	endorsed with the following
India, Taiwan			additional declaration:
[Europe] Armenia, Azerbaijan,			
Belarus, Belgium, Czech Republic,			"This is to further certify that the
Denmark, Estonia, France, Georgia,			parent plants were grown on a
Germany, Hungary, Italy, Kazakhstan,			farm(s) where Fusarium oxysporum
Kyrgyz, Latvia, Lithuania,, Moldova,			f. sp. pisi has not been recorded, and
Netherlands, Poland, Romania,			these plants were inspected on the
Russia, Slovak, Tajikistan,			field during the late growing season
Turkmenistan, Ukraine, United			and found to be free from Fusarium
Kingdom, Uzbekistan			oxysporum f. sp. pisi."
[Africa] Morocco			
[North America] Canada, United			Note: "A farm(s) where <i>Fusarium</i>
States of America			oxysporum f. sp. pisi has not been
[Latin America] Argentina, Brazil			recorded" includes a farm(s) where

[Oceania] Australia, Hawaiian			the pest(s) was recorded previously,
Islands, New Zealand			but has been eradicated.
7.			
[Europe] Ireland, United Kingdom	Live plants and plant parts for	Phytophthora kernoviae	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Oceania] New Zealand	planting (excluding seed and fruit)		endorsed with the following
	of the following plants:		additional declaration:
	Aesculus hippocastanum, Annona		
	cherimola, Castanea sativa, Hedera		"This is to further certify that the
	helix (ivy), llex aquifolium,		plants were grown on a farm(s)
	Leucothoe fontanesiana, Lomatia		where Phytophthora kernoviae has not
	myricoides, Podocarpus salignus,		been recorded, and these plants
	Prunus laurocerasus (cherry laurel),		were inspected on the field during
	Sequoiadendron giganteum,		the growing season and found to be
	Vaccinium myrtillus, Drimys, Fagus,		free from Phytophthora kernoviae."
	Gevuina, Liriodendron, Magnolia,		
	Michelia, Pieris, Quercus and		Note: "A farm(s) where Phytophthora
	Rhododendron		kernoviae has not been recorded"
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
8.			
[Europe] Belgium, Channel Islands,	Live plants and plant parts for	Phytophthora ramorum	Phytosanitary certificate must be
Denmark, Finland, France, Germany,	planting (excluding seed and fruit)	(Sudden oak death)	endorsed with the following
Greece, Ireland, Italy, Lithuania,	of the following plants:		additional declaration:
Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Servia,	Corylopsis spicata (Spike witch		

Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, hazel),
Switzerland, United Kingdom Abies,
[North America] Canada, United Alnus,

States of America

United A

hazel), Hydrangea seemannii, Abies, Acer, Adiantum, Aesculus, Alnus, Andromeda, Annona, Arbutus, Arctostaphylos, Ardisia, Berberis, Betula, Calluna, Calycanthus, Camellia, Carpinus,

Calycanthus, Camellia, Carpinus, Castanea, Castanopsis,

Ceanothus, Ceratonia, Cercis,

Choisya, Cinnamomum, Cistus,

Chimaphila,

Chamaecyparis,

Clematis, Clintonia, Cornus,
Corylus, Cotoneaster,

Daphniphyllum, Distylium, Drimys,

Dryopteris, Empetrum, Erica,

Eucalyptus, Euonymus, Fagus,

Frangula (Rhamnus), Fraxinus, Fuchsia, Garrya, Gaultheria,

Gevuina, Griselinia, Hamamelis,

Hedera, Heteromeles, Ilex, Kalmia,

Larix, Laurus, Leucothoe, Linnaea,

Liriodendron, Lithocarpus, Lonicera,

Loropetalum, Magnolia, Mahonia,

Maianthemum, Malus, Manglietia,

Michelia, Nerium, Nothofagus,

Olea, Osmanthus, Osmorhiza,

"This is to further certify that the plants were grown on a farm(s) where Phytophthora ramorum has not been recorded, and these plants were inspected on the field during the growing season and found to be free from Phytophthora ramorum."

Note: "A farm(s) where *Phytophthora* ramorum has not been recorded" includes a farm(s) where the pest was recorded previously, but has been eradicated.

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	Parakmeria, Parrotia, Physocarpus,		
	Photinia, Picea, Pieris, Pinus,		
	Pistacia, Pittosporum, Populus,		
	Prunus, Pseudotsuga, Pyracantha,		
	Quercus (Cyclobalanopsis),		
	Rhododendron, Ribes, Rosa,		
	Rubus, Salix, Sambucus, Schima,		
	Sequoia, Smilax, Symphoricarpus,		
	Syringa, Taxus, Tilia, Torreya,		
	Toxicodendron (Rhus),		
	Trachelospermum, Trientalis,		
	Tsuga, Ulmus, Umbellularia,		
	Vaccinium, Vancouveria, Viburnum		
	and <i>Zenobia</i>		
9.			
[Middle East] Turkey	Kidney bean seeds and soybean	Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Europe] Armenia, Azerbaijan,	seeds for planting.	pv. flaccumfaciens	endorsed with the following
Belarus, Belgium, Bosnia and		(Bacterial wilt of beans)	additional declaration:
Herzegovina, Bulgaria, Croatia,			
Estonia, Former Yugoslav Republic of			"This is to further certify that the
Macedonia, Georgia, Germany,			parent plants were inspected on the
Greece, Hungary, Kazakhstan,			field during the late growing season
Kosovo, Kyrgyz, Latvia, Lithuania,			and found to be free from
Moldova, Montenegro, Romania,			Curtobacterium flaccumfaciens pv.
Russia, Serbia, Slovenia, Spain,			flaccumfaciens."

Tajikistan, Turkmenistan, Ukraine,			
Uzbekistan			
[Africa] Mauritius, Tunisia			
[North America] Canada, United			
States of America			
[Latin America] Brazil, Colombia,			
Mexico, Venezuela			
[Oceania] Australia			
10.			
[Asia] China, India, Taiwan, Thailand	Seeds for planting of the following	Acidovorax avenae subsp. citrulli	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Israel	plants:	(Bacterial fruit blotch)	endorsed with the following
[Europe] Greece, Hungary, Italy,	melon, watermelon and wax gourd		additional declaration:
Turkey			
[Africa] Nigeria, Republic of South			"This is to further certify that the
Africa			parent plants were inspected on the
[North America] United States of			field during their fruit maturity stage
America			before harvest and found to be free
[Latin America] Brazil, Costa Rica			from Acidovorax avenae subsp.
[Oceania] Australia, Guam, Northern			citrulli."
Mariana Islands			
11.			
[Asia] China, Malaysia <u>, Thailand</u> , Viet	Corn and teosinte seeds for	Pantoea stewartii	Phytosanitary certificate must be
Nam	planting.	(Stewart's bacterial wilt)	endorsed with the following
[Europe] Italy, Poland, Romania			additional declaration:
[North America] Canada, United			

States of America			"This is to further certify that the
[Latin America] Bolivia, Costa Rica,			parent plants were grown on a
Guyana, Mexico, Peru, Puerto Rico			farm(s) where intensive controls
			against the vectors of Pantoea
			stewartii were carried out, and where
			these plants were inspected on the
			field during the most active growing
			season and found to be free from
			Pantoea stewartii."
12.			
[North America] United States of	Corn seeds for planting.	Clavibacter michiganensis subsp.	Phytosanitary certificate must be
America		nebraskensis	endorsed with the following
		(Goss's bacterial wilt and blight)	additional declaration:
			"This is to further certify that the
			parent plants were inspected on the
			field during the most active growing
			season and found to be free from
			Clavibacter michiganensis subsp.
			nebraskensis."
13.			
[Asia] China	Broad bean and lentil seeds for	Broad bean stain virus	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Iran, Jordan, Lebanon,	planting.		endorsed with the following

Syria, Turkey			additional declaration:
[Europe] Austria, Germany, Hungary,			
Italy, Poland, Slovakia, United			"This is to further certify that the
Kingdom			parent plants were grown on a
[Africa] Egypt, Ethiopia, Libya,			farm(s) where intensive controls
Morocco, South Sudan, Sudan,			against the vectors of Broad bean
Tunisia			stain virus were carried out, and
[Oceania] Australia			where these plants were inspected
			on the field during the most active
			growing season and found to be free
			from Broad bean stain virus."
14.			
[Asia] China	Broad bean seeds for planting.	Broad bean true mosaic virus	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Lebanon, Syria			endorsed with the following
[Europe] Austria, Germany, Hungary,			additional declaration:
Italy, Poland, United Kingdom			
[Africa] Egypt, Ethiopia, Morocco.			"This is to further certify that the
South Sudan, Sudan, Tunisia			parent plants were grown on a
[Oceania] Australia			farm(s) where intensive controls
			against the vectors of Broad bean
			true mosaic virus were carried out,
			and where these plants were
			inspected on the field during the
			most active growing season and

			found to be free from Broad bean true mosaic virus."
15.			
[Asia] China, India, Pakistan	Live plants and plant parts being	Plum pox virus	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Iran, Jordan, Syria,	capable of planting for cultivation		endorsed with the following
Turkey	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		additional declaration:
[Europe] Albania, Austria, Belarus,	following plants:		
Belgium, Bosnia and Herzegovina,	Euonymus europaeus, Ligustrum		"This is to further certify that the
Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech	vulgare, Lycium barbarum and		plants were grown on a farm(s)
Republic, Denmark, France,	Prunus		where intensive controls against the
Germany, Greece, Hungary, Italy,			vectors of Plum pox virus were
Kazakhstan, Lithuania, Luxembourg,			carried out, and these plants were
Moldova, Montenegro, Latvia,			inspected on the field during the
Netherlands, Norway, Poland,			early growing season and found to
Portugal, Romania, Russia, Serbia,			be free from Plum pox virus."
Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain,			
Switzerland, Ukraine, United Kingdom			
[Africa] Egypt, Tunisia			
[North America] Canada, United			
States of America			
[Latin America] Argentina, Chile			
16.			
[Asia] China, India	Seeds for planting of the following	Potato spindle tuber viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Afghanistan, Iran,	plants:		endorsed with the following

Israel, Turkey

[Europe] Austria, Belarus, Belgium, Czech Republic, France, Germany, Live plants and plant parts being Greece, Italy, Netherlands, Poland, capable of planting for cultivation Russia, Slovenia, Ukraine, United (excluding seed and fruit) of the Kingdom

[Africa] Egypt, Nigeria

[North America] United States of America

[Latin America] Chile, Costa Rica, Peru, Venezuela

[Oceania] New Zealand

Potato and tomato

following plants: potato and tomato additional declarations:

For seeds

"This is to further certify that the parent plants were grown on a farm(s) where Potato spindle tuber viroid has not been recorded and were inspected on the field during the growing season, and the parent plants or seeds produced from these plants were tested by an appropriate genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."

For live plants

"This is to further certify that the plants were grown on a farm(s) where Potato spindle tuber viroid has not been recorded, were inspected on the field during the growing season and were tested by an appropriate genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR assay, and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."

			Note: "A farm(s) where <i>Potato spindle tuber viroid</i> has not been recorded" includes a farm(s) where the pest was recorded previously, but has been eradicated.
<u>17.</u>			
[Asia] China	Seeds for planting of the following	Pepino mosaic virus	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Syria	<u>plants:</u>		endorsed with the following
[Europe] Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria,	<u>Tomato</u>		additional declarations:
Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark,			
Finland, France, Germany, Greece,	Live plants and plant parts being		For seeds
Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands,	capable of planting for cultivation		"This is to further certify that the
Poland, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland,	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		parent plants were grown on a
United Kingdom	following plants:		farm(s) where Pepino mosaic virus
[Africa] Republic of South Africa	Potato, tomato and pepino		has not been recorded and were
[North America] Canada, United			inspected on the field during the
States of America			growing season, and the parent
[Latin America] Ecuador, Chile,			plants or seeds produced from these
Mexico, Peru			plants were tested by an appropriate
			serological diagnosis method(s)
			such as ELISA or an appropriate
			genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR
			assay and found to be free from the
			pest mentioned above."

			For live plants "This is to further certify that the plants were grown on a farm(s) where Pepino mosaic virus has not been recorded, were inspected on the field during the growing season and were tested by an appropriate serological diagnosis method(s) such as ELISA or an appropriate genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR assay, and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Pepino mosaic virus has not been recorded" includes a farm(s) where the pest was recorded previously, but has been eradicated.
18.			
[Europe] France, Denmark,	Seeds for planting of the following	Columnea latent viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
Germany, Italy, United Kingdom	plants:		endorsed with the following
[North America] Canada, United	<u>Tomato</u>		additional declarations:
States of America			
[Latin America] Costa Rica	Live plants and plant parts being		For seeds

capable of planting for cultivation	
(excluding seed and fruit) of the	
following plants:	
<u>Tomato</u>	

"This is to further certify that the parent plants were grown on a farm(s) where Columnea latent viroid has not been recorded and were inspected on the field during the growing season, and the parent plants or seeds produced from these plants were tested by an appropriate genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR assay and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."

For live plants

"This is to further certify that the plants were grown on a farm(s) where Columnea latent viroid has not been recorded, were inspected on the field during the growing season and were tested by an appropriate genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR assay, and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."

Note: "A farm(s) where Columnea latent viroid has not been recorded"

			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
<u>19.</u>			
[North America] Canada	Live plants and plant parts being	Mexican papita viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Latin America] Mexico	capable of planting for cultivation		endorsed with the following
	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		additional declaration:
	following plants:		
	<u>Tomato</u>		"This is to further certify that the
			plants were grown on a farm(s)
			where Mexican papita viroid has not
			been recorded, were inspected on
			the field during the growing season
			and were tested by an appropriate
			genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR
			assay, and found to be free from the
			pest mentioned above."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Mexican
			papita viroid has not been recorded"
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
<u>20.</u>			
[Asia] Thailand	Seeds for planting of the following	Pepper chat fruit viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be

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[Europe] Netherlands	plants:	endorsed with the following
[North America] Canada	Capsicum annuum	additional declarations:
	Live plants and plant parts being	<u>For seeds</u>
	capable of planting for cultivation	"This is to further certify that the
	(excluding seed and fruit) of the	parent plants were grown on a
	following plants:	farm(s) where Pepper chat fruit
	Tomato and Capsicum annuum	viroid has not been recorded and
		were inspected on the field during
		the growing season, and the parent
		plants or seeds produced from these
		plants were tested by an appropriate
		genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR
		assay and found to be free from the
		pest mentioned above."
		For live plants
		"This is to further certify that the
		plants were grown on a farm(s)
		where Pepper chat fruit viroid has
		not been recorded, were inspected
		on the field during the growing
		season and were tested by an
		appropriate genetic method(s) such
		as RT-PCR assay, and found to be

			free from the pest mentioned above."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Pepper chat
			fruit viroid has not been recorded"
			includes a farm(s) where the pest
			was recorded previously, but has
			been eradicated.
<u>21.</u>			
[Asia] Indonesia	Seeds for planting of the following	Tomato apical stunt viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Middle East] Israel	plants:		endorsed with the following
[Europe] Austria, Belgium, Finland,	<u>Tomato</u>		additional declarations:
France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands,			
Slovenia	Live plants and plant parts being		For seeds
[Africa] Cote d'Ivoire, Senegal,	capable of planting for cultivation		"This is to further certify that the
<u>Tunisia</u>	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		parent plants were grown on a
	following plants:		farm(s) where Tomato apical stunt
	<u>Tomato</u>		viroid has not been recorded and
			were inspected on the field during
			the growing season, and the parent
			plants or seeds produced from these
			plants were tested by an appropriate
			genetic method(s) such as RT-PCR
			assay and found to be free from the
			pest mentioned above."

		T	
			For live plants
			"This is to further certify that the
			plants were grown on a farm(s)
			where Tomato apical stunt viroid has
			not been recorded, were inspected
			on the field during the growing
			season and were tested by an
			appropriate genetic method(s) such
			as RT-PCR assay, and found to be
			free from the pest mentioned above."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Tomato
			apical stunt viroid has not been
			recorded" includes a farm(s) where
			the pest was recorded previously,
			but has been eradicated.
<u>22.</u>			
[Asia] India	Seeds for planting of the following	Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
[Europe] Slovenia, Czech Republic,	plants:		endorsed with the following
Finland, France, United Kingdom	<u>Tomato</u>		additional declarations:
[North America] United States of			
<u>America</u>	Live plants and plant parts being		For seeds
[Latin America] Mexico	capable of planting for cultivation		"This is to further certify that the
	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		parent plants were grown on a
	following plants:		farm(s) where Tomato chlorotic

<u>Tomato</u>	dwarf viroid has not been recorded
	and were inspected on the field
	during the growing season, and the
	parent plants or seeds produced
	from these plants were tested by an
	appropriate genetic method(s) such
	as RT-PCR assay and found to be
	free from the pest mentioned above."
	For live plants
	"This is to further certify that the
	plants were grown on a farm(s)
	where Tomato chlorotic dwarf viroid
	has not been recorded, were
	inspected on the field during the
	growing season and were tested by
	an appropriate genetic method(s)
	such as RT-PCR assay, and found
	to be free from the pest mentioned
	above."
	Note: "A farm(s) where Tomato
	<u>chlorotic dwarf viroid has not been</u>
	recorded" includes a farm(s) where
	the pest was recorded previously,

			but has been eradicated.
<u>23.</u>			
[Latin America] Mexico	Live plants and plant parts being	Tomato planta macho viroid	Phytosanitary certificate must be
	capable of planting for cultivation		endorsed with the following
	(excluding seed and fruit) of the		additional declaration:
	following plants:		
	<u>Tomato</u>		"This is to further certify that the
			plants were grown on a farm(s)
			where Tomato planta macho viroid
			<u>has not been recorded, were</u>
			inspected on the field during the
			growing season and were tested by
			an appropriate genetic method(s)
			such as RT-PCR assay, and found
			to be free from the pest mentioned
			above."
			Note: "A farm(s) where Tomato
			planta macho viroid has not been
			recorded" includes a farm(s) where
			the pest was recorded previously,
			but has been eradicated.

Note: Example for two or more species are certified

Heterodera schachtii, Meloidogyne chitwoodi, Meloidogyne fallax, Nacobbus aberrans, Radopholus similis

"This is to further certify that the plants were grown on a farm(s) where XXX have not been recorded, and these plants were inspected on the field during the growing season and the growing medium of the growing site(s) and the underground parts of the plants were examined by an appropriate method(s) and found to be free from the pest mentioned above."

Replace the XXX with the scientific name(s) of *Heterodera schachtii, Meloidogyne chitwoodi, Meloidogyne fallax, Nacobbus aberrans* and/or *Radopholus similis* as appropriate.